DIAMOND FROM THE SKY
AT
WEST END
CINEMA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

WEST END
CINEMA
THE COOLEST & THE MOST COMFORTABLE THEATRE IN BOMBAY.

LIBRARY OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BOMBAY

VOL. V NO. 186 BOMBAY: MONDAY, AUGUST 6, 1917. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co., will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden, Port Said and Marseilles.

The BRITISH INDIA Co., will despatch Mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE PERSIAN GULF S. N. CO., LTD.

Steamers are despatched at regular intervals to Persian Gulf and Red Sea Ports.

1st and 2nd class passengers' accommodation. Deck pasengers also carried.

For further particulars regarding fares, names of steamers and dates of departure of the above vessels will be furnished on application to—

HAJI SULTANALI SHUSHTARY & Co.,
Agents,
15, Rampart Row.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
Prof. JAME'S
Electro Tonic Pearls.

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of over work and dissipation. In cases of premature old age, involuntary discharges and weariness after slight effort these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.

SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL Co.
Market, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876.
No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.
Investments in Government and approved Securities only

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.

The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

Commission to canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GANJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SHIPPING

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

For Sailings and Freight apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
BOMBAY BRANCH.
Alice Buildings, Fort,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 128 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 819,057.

Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the Undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,33,439	15	5
Reserve Funds	11,37,432	8	0

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches:

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Ambalia City, Rawalpindi Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

NAND LAL PURI,
Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1900.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS. BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 10,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,250,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin		
Cochin	Zanzibar	Daressalam, East Africa

Agents in New York and South America:—The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

are granted on the Head Office and Branches, in India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches, of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1889.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 36,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 21,300,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Anturg Hsein	Calcutta	Rjojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darier (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fongtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Tsingtau
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Liaoyang	Singapore	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

Capital Paid-up ..... Yen 15,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 1,600,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN.
BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

Bombay	Kyoto	San Francisco
Hakata	London	Shanghai
Hankau	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	New York	Yokohama
Kobe	Osaka	etc.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

J. SATO, Manager.

Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

Bankers to the Government in Busrah.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

BANKING

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:
INDIA, BURMA, STRAITS & CHINA & CEYLON, MALAY STATES, JAPAN.

Bombay	Singapore	Hongkong
Calcutta	Penang	Shanghai
Madras	Malacca	Canton
Karachi	Kwala Lumpor	Foochow
Delhi	Ipoh	Hankow
Amritsar	Klang	Peking
Rangoon	Serenbam	Tientsin
Tavoy	Taiping	Yokohama
Colombo		Kobe

JAVA & SUMATRA, INDO-CHINA, PHILIPPINES SIAM.

Batavia	Saigon	Cebu	Manila, Bangkok.
Sourabaya	Haiphong	Hoilo	Puket
Medan			

NEW YORK and all Banks in Australia.

BANKERS—Bank of England, London City and Midland Bank, London, County and Westminster Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.

The CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

J. KEENAN,
Agent.

Esplanade Road,
Post Box No. 34, Bombay.
Office Hours—10-30 a.m. to 4-0 p.m.
Saturday—10-30 a.m. to 2-0 p.m.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £562,500
Reserve Fund £600,000

HEAD OFFICE:
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor
Batavia	Howrah (Calcutta)	Madras
Bombay		Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru (Kelantan)	Shanghai
Galle		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS.—The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents, and collection of interest thereon as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors. $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.
BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkew
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan, Credits granted. Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. D. SMART,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

SALE! SALE!! SALE!!!

OF

Chinese Japanese, French and English Silk Piece Goods, Art Embroidery Work, etc. at rock bottom prices.

Select your requirements from quite a variety of up-to-date articles.

AHMED E. ESAALI,

EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

HIGH GRADE KEROSINE OILS.

We have in stock for ready delivery the following brands of high grade kerosine oils in cases, packed in America, of The Texas Company, incorporated in Texas, U. S. A.

Brands.	Rates.
Southern Star 150° (Fire Test) ..	Rs. 7-9-0 per case.
Unicorn brand 125° („ „) ..	„ 7-2-0 „ „

The above oils give clear mellow light, restful and pleasing. They give off no odors or smoke and burn steadily to the last drop.

Buyers will be given delivery free of charge.

EMPTY TINS AND BOXES.

We hold large stock of second hand empty kerosine oil tins and boxes suitable for the filling of vegetable oils, etc., and sell the same at moderate rates. Also we make contracts with oil mills and other buyers to supply any quantity for long periods at fixed moderate rates.

Intending buyers should communicate with

AHMED HUSEIN & COMPANY,
Khadak, Mandvi Post, BOMBAY.

INSURANCE

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).

Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.

Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.

For Prospectus and further particulars—Apply to—

SECRETARIES & MANAGERS,
JIVANLAL, DASTUR & Co.,
112, Esplanade Road, Fort.

HOTELS

CORONATION DURBAR RESTAURANT

21, Church Gate Street, Fort.

Falooda and Moglai Dishes our Speciality.

THE EVER POPULAR.

EMPRESS HOTEL

NASIK ROAD,

DEOLALI.

MODERATE CHARGES.

FAMOUS FOR CUISINE

SPACIOUS GYMKHANA!

SALE BY AUCTION

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES

BONA FIDE SALE.

FOR THE COLLECTORS OF OLD WORK.

AUCTION SALE OF A COLLECTION OF VERY OLD WORK AND ANCIENT CURIOS OF A WELL-KNOWN COLLECTOR.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by public auction on MONDAY the 13th August 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, opposite the Government Dockyard, Fort, the following collection of very old and ancient curios, consisting of Parisian and Terracotta vases by old and well-known artists, pedestals, flower pots, jars, jardineers, table ornaments, powder and jewellery boxes, Terracotta round tables with manuscripts and rich engraved figures, rich old vases with manuscripts, old Majolica vases, flower pots, etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view from Wednesday.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th August, 1917.

SALE BY AUCTION

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED CARGO Ex. S.S. "India," late S.S. "Vorwaerts."

In accordance with section 88 of the Sea Customs Act VIII of 1878 and under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Bombay, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 10th and SATURDAY, the 11th August, 1917, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at the Port Trust, Ballard Pier Shed, near the Bombay Port Trust Office, the following goods, being a portion of uncleared and unreleased cargo of the above vessel.

69 cases glassware, 100 cases mineral water, 1 case advertising matter, 12 cases German silver sheets, 400 cases enamelled ware, 2 cases broaches, 3 cases lamps, 2 cases petrol stoves, 4 cases accordeons, 5 cases soap, 100 cases clocks, 300 cases cigar and cigarette paper, 55 cases paraffin wax, 130 cases glass beads, 10 bales brooms, 30 casks red ocher, 10 cases wine and advertising matter, 115 bales Turkey red yarns.

The above goods will be sold in lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

A deposits of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE of Coir Yarn, Copra, Turtle Shell, Rattans (Canes), M. O. P. Shells, Maize, Casings Empty Beer Bottles, Groundnuts, Manure Oil Cakes, Tin Scraps, Lemon Grass Oil, Bones, Grease, Wool, etc., ex. S.S. "Panjim" and "Damao."

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 13th August, 1917 at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at Mazagon Sewri Port Trust Reclamation, near New Tank Bunder, in the enclosure of Messrs. W. ann A. Graham and Co., under instructions received by the said firm from the Portuguese Government, the following cargo, ex the above vessels.

About 144 bales and 2,493 skeins coir yarn, 18 cases turtle and M. O. P. shells, 376 bundles rattans (canes), 113 casks, casings, 322 cases and 18 bags, empty beer bottles, 83 empty iron drums, 84 bags groundnuts, 1,876 bags manure, 2,008 bags and 57 bundles oil cakes, 587 bundles tin scraps, 17 cases empty assorted tins, 13 drums lemon grass oil, 178 bags, bones, 4 bags cement, 28 bags clay, 214 cases grease, 71 bundles reeds, 135 bundles wool, 2,820 bags copra, 3,357 bags maize.

The above goods will be sold in lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down, and the balance must be paid for, and the goods must be removed within five days from the date of sale. All the goods will be entirely at the risk and for account of the purchaser from the time of sale.

If not cleared by the fifth day after the sale a charge of Rs. 10 per day will be made by the vendors before delivery is given for each lot, or part of the same, until cleared to cover extra charges, etc., due by the cargo.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable and Unclaimed Booked and Unbooked Articles.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 18th August 1917, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), at the Railway Company's Goods Depot, Colaba, next to the Tramway Coy.'s Stables.

A quantity of valuable and unclaimed booked and unbooked articles, cotton twist, piece-goods, etc.

A descriptive list of the booked articles can be seen at any station on the broad gauge section of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th August, 1917.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES

"Wanted." "To Be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business are charged at the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words), 8 annas per insertion; every additional word 1 anna.

Advertisements are not received after 6 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per lin or Re. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line, or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcement.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Local — — — Rs. 30 per annum
Up-country — — Rs. 35 per annum.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Bookkeeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

CITY SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING STUDIO: Unique in the East. Specialists in Shorthand and Typewriting tuition. Prospectus Post free. Opp. Whiteaways, 231, Hornby Rd. Fort, Bombay.

JOB PRINTING—Send any orders you wish to be executed promptly and to your satisfaction to the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS, 6, Medows Street, Fort.

LOST.

IN the vicinity of Bazargate Street on 21st ultimo at noon a GOLD RING set with Emerald. Handsome reward to the finder. Apply Box No. 19, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9072

FRUITS.

ENGLISH DESSERT APPLES—9 lbs. nett for Rs. 3/8, all charges included, by V.P. parcel post, Apply to CAPTAIN BANON, Duff Dunbar, P. O. Kulu, Panjab. 9153

MOTOR VEHICLES.

WANTED—MOTOR TYRES and TUBES for cheapest, prompt and reliable vulcanising at as. 8 and 4 per inch respectively. Cars on hire and for sale. PATENT PNEUMATIC BLOOKS TYRES and MOTOR TRANSPORT CO., LTD., Hughes Road, Chaupatty, Bombay. A.

EDUCATIONAL.

MEETS DAILY (7-30 a.m. to 9 a.m.) B. G. DESAI'S MATRIC CLASS, English Mathematics for Boys and Girls. CHANDA RAMJEE GIRLS' SCHOOL, Bombay, No. 4. 9170

DAVAR'S COLLEGE of COMMERCE—practical courses of Commerce for practical appointments, 80, Esplanade Road. 9198

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—CAPTAIN, OFFICERS and ENGINEERS for steamer proceeding to Europe. Apply sharp with copies of testimonials to CURSETJEE MUNCHERJEE'S SONS, 54, Apollo Street, Fort. 9197

WANTED for the Medical Department of the British East Africa Protectorate five qualified COMPOUNDERS. Salary Rs. 55 per month with future prospects of increase up to Rs. 100 per mensem. Period of engagement is three years in the first instance. For further particulars apply in writing only with copies of certificates to:—MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co., Agents in India, East African, Protectorates, Nicol Road, Bombay. 9198

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—LADY TYPIST for Cinematograph Firm. Apply to Box. No. 57, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9211.

WANTED—A GRADUATE of Bombay Veterinary College. Apply stating terms and forwarding copy of testimonials to the DEWAN of BANSDA. 9195.

WANTED—A GOVERNESS for Gwalior to take charge of 2 girls and 1 boy (all under 13). Must know English well; also Music and Drawing. Apply with references to Box No. 56, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 9206

WANTED

WANTED—One second-hand CRUDE OIL ENGINE H. P. 20 to 25. Apply Box No. 58, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9215

WANTED—A light second-hand Brougham in excellent condition. Apply to Mr. DAVID, c/o K. & S. Motor Co., Tardeo, Bombay. 9203

WANTED TO PURCHASE a BUNGALOW at Matheran, suitable for a shethia. Brokers need not apply. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 53, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9193

WANTED—AGENTS for the new Indian Manufacturing Co. for Black Japan and Phenyle. N. MOOLJI & Co., Sandhurst Road, Bhimji Poonjee Building, Dongree Post No. 9. 9150

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A roomy four cylinder two-seater British-made, French or Italian MOTOR CAR, in excellent working order. Apply sharp to Box No. 51, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle", giving full particulars as to make, year of model and lowest price. 9190

WANTED—AGENTS for the SALE OF "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" in the principal cities of India. For terms communicate with the MANAG-ING-DIRECTOR, Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., 6, Medows Street Fort, Bombay.

TO COTTON MILLS.—WANTED—One CYLINDER DRYING or FINISHING MACHINE, any width, complete with any number of cylinders. If starch mangle be also supplied: it should have two cotton bowls and one brass bowl complete with starch. Write to box No. 49, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9179

WANTED—SITUATION or AGENCY for a smart and expert Commercial Travelling Agent, who has travelled throughout India, Burma and Ceylon, etc., knowing several languages and specialist to introduce any kind of Manufactory. Please write to X, c/o Post Master, Bandra, 9207

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Complete COTTON BALING PRESS by Nesmyth Wilson. 32 and 36 gin factories. Apply to PHEROZSHAW Co., Nagdevi Street. 9201

FOR SALE—Two LINOTYPE MACHINES, Duplex Double Letter, Model No. 10. Price Rs. 8,000 each or Rs. 15,000 for both. Apply to "Y. Z.", c/o "Bombay Chronicle."

FOR SALE—One FRET SAWING MACHINE, one Cross Cut Saw; one Rounding Machine; one Tenoning Attachment. Apply Messrs. RATANLAL & Co., Forbes Street, Fort. 9212

D. S. A. PUCCA PATH RACERS, the machine which has been the top notch in cycle racing world. Rs. 200. Only a few received. WELLINGTON CYCLISTS, Bombay and Poona. C

FOR SALE—Boilers, Engines, Gins, Press, Winding, Warping and Sizing Machines, Looms, Boiling Kier, Plating and Yarn Conditioning Machines, Yarn Bundling Press, Mules, Rope and Belt Pulleys, Shafts, Hangers, Bearings and many spare parts of machinery. For particulars ask to GOKULDAS KANHAIYALAL, Kalbadevi, Bombay. 9163

FOR SALE—An 8 seater De Dion Bouton MOTOR CAR over 30 H.P. 4 Cylinder as good as new with tools, accessories and electric fittings complete. Price Rs. 20,000. On view at the Bombay Cycle and Motor Agency. Apply to MANAGER of Mr. DHUNJIBHOY BOMANJI, 56, Esplanade Road, Fort. 9210

FOR SALE—FREEHOLD LAND at Parel suitable for Mill or Large Factory. Has a well-built upper storied Bungalow and out-houses, chawls and a valuable garden of trees. For further particulars apply to Messrs. JEHANGIR and SERVAI, Solicitors, Ash Lane, Fort. 9209.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET—To Hindus only, FLATS on the Hughes Road, Chowpaty. Apply to SHANTARAM NARAYAN DABHOLKAR, Chowpaty Road. 9175

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sealed tender will be received at 5 p.m. on the 24th August and 24th September, 1917, by the Superintendent, Krishnaraja Sagara Works, for the supply of fuel and charcoal respectively as per details on pages 525, 547 and 574 of the "Mysore Gazette." 9200

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, the 13th August 1917, at 3 p.m.; (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Bombay Improvement Trust Memoranda—Forwarding excerpts from the Trustees' proceedings.

2. Letter from Mr. H. M. Dadina—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution on the death of the late Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji.

3. Letter from Mr. Joseph Baptista—Applying for leave of absence from the Corporation's meetings.

4. (*a*) Appointment of an Assessor to the Tribunal of Appeal, and (*b*) Notice of motion from the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha Edalji Wacha, Kt., seconded by Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt.,—For reappointing Mr. W. A. Chambers to be Assessor to the Tribunal of Appeal for a further period of one year.

5. (*a*) Letter from the Municipal Secretary—Intimating that the next appointment of Municipal Auditors will take place in March 1918, (*b*) Letter from Mr. Shiwaram Trimbak Thakur—Intimating that he does not desire to serve as a Municipal Auditor after the expiration of his present term of appointment.

6—7. Letters from the Joint Honorary Secretary, Matunga Residents' Association—(6) Forwarding a resolution of the Manging Committee of the Association regarding the extension of the Municipal franchise; and (7) Regarding the extension of the Tramway lines to the King's Circle.

8. Letter From Mr. Rustomji Dadabhoy Unwalla Master—Regarding the erection of certain structures in Borah Bazar Street, Fort.

9. Letter from Mr. Anthony Francis Gomes—Regarding the question of primary education of Indian Catholic children.

10. Letters from Mr. W. Miranda—Regarding the condition of Gangabavdi Lane, Mazagon.

11. Letter from Mr. K. C. Maden—Regarding the grievances of the tenants of Moos's chawl at Dhobi Talao.

12. Letter from Mr. M. T. Dewasthalee and others—Regarding the condition of Zaoba's Wadi.

13. Letter from Messrs. Payne & Co., Solicitors, on behalf of Mr. N. S. Colabawalla—Regarding the accumulation of water and other nuisances in F. and G. Wards.

14. Letter from Messrs. Turner, Hoare and Co.—Regarding the supply of hose to the Municipality.

15. Letter from Mr. Keshavlal S. Sanghani—Regarding the acquisition of the setback land at the junction of Khetwadi Main Road and Khetwadi 2nd and 3rd Lanes.

16. Letter from Mr. Ishwarlal T. Treasurywalla and others—Regarding the insanitary condition of the locality known as "Maharaji's Wadi" at 3rd Bhoiwada, Bhuleshwar.

17. Letters from Mr. Jehangir Nanabhoy Burjorjee and from Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe, Solicitors, on behalf of Mr. Jehangir Nanabhoy Burjorjee—Regarding the working of Messrs. Dixon and Company's factory at Mazgaon.

18. Letter from Mr. S. L. Lopez—Suggesting the appointment of an Inspector to look after the pavements and side-walks in the City.

19. Letter from Mrs. G. A. Barr, late nurse, Maratha Plague Hospital—Requesting that a gratuity may be given to her.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

20. Recommending sanction to the Municipal staff at the Bandra Slaughter-houses being allowed to occupy Municipal quarters free of rent.

21. Recommending approval to the setback land at premises Nos. 498-500, Abdul Rehman Street, being acquired and leased to the owner of the premises on the conditions mentioned.

22. Recommending a grant of Rs. 2,544-5-9 to write off the difference between the book value and the net sale-proceeds of certain unserviceable spare parts of Inferential and other meters.

23. Recommending a grant of Rs. 10,000 to meet the maintenance charges of two motor lorries.

24. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the enforcement of setback at his premises in 1st Carpenter Street, Mazagon, Mr. Janardhan Shankerjee Sahani be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

25. Recommending that in reply to their letter, regarding the enforcement of setback at a building at 1st Carpenter Street, Mazagon, near the Pedder Market, Mr. Raghunath Pandurang Mistry and others be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

26—28. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, certain budget transfers.

29. Recommending a grant of Rs. 3,112-14-3 to meet an excess over the Budget provision in respect of the contribution payable to the City Improvement Trust.

30. Recommending that in reply to their letters, complaining of inadequate supply of water to Girgaon district, Mr. K. A. Bhave and Mr. V. G. Deshpande and others be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

31. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the nuisance caused by the cesspool of "Chappra Building" at Dadar, Mr. Ramchandra Ganesh be informed that arrangements are being made to provide a side drain and that, when that is done, the existing cesspool will be done away with.

32. Recommending that a letter from Mr. Rajaram Chinaya Kumar, regarding the nuisance caused by the working of a flour mill at the junction of Duncan Road and Doorgadevi Street, be recorded.

33. Recommending that a letter from

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

(*Continued.*)

Mr. Moolraj Goculdas Nensey, regarding the inspection of his well at Laxminarayen Lane by Municipal Officers, be forwarded to the Commissioner for disposal.

34. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 1,500 to meet an excess in the grant for providing and fixing wrought iron grills to the windows of the Victoria and Albert Museum Building.

35. Recommending that in reply to their letter, applying for a plot of land for constructing a temple at Valpakhady for the use of the Meghawal (Dhed) Community, the Secretaries, Meghawal Sudharak Sabha, be informed that when the construction of the proposed chawl for halalkhores likely to interfere with the temple is taken in hand, the question of removing the temple and of providing a new site for it will be considered.

36. Recommending that the application from the President and Honorary Secretaries of the Society for the Promotion of Education among the Masses, for a special grant-in-aid in respect of their schools be forwarded to the Schools Committee for disposal.

37. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 759-13-0 for paying certain law charges.

38. Recommending sanction to the Stores Clerk and the Stores muccadam of the Water Works Department being allowed to occupy Municipal quarters free of rent.

39. Forwarding a return regarding the enforcement of sanctions for the removal of unauthorized works.

40. Recommending sanction to the payment of grain compensation allowance to Municipal employees and to a grant of Rs. 2,14,038 being made for the purpose.

41. Recommending a grant of Rs. 1,497-12-9 to supplement the Budget grant for the construction of a workmen's chawl at Kirol near Ghatkoper Railway Station.

42. Recommending a grant of Rs. 18,000 to supplement the grant for sundry pensions, gratuities, etc.

43. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the filthy condition of Laxminarayen Lane, Mr. Moolraj Goculdas Nensey be informed that action is being taken in the matter.

44. Recommending that in reply to their letter suggesting the provision of a separate tap for the cattle trough erected on the site of Khara Koova in Shaik Memon Street, Mr. Balubhai Mulchand and others be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

45. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the flooding of a portion of Dadar Main Road, Mr. Moolraj P. Parekh be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

46. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the condition of the road between the level crossings on the G. I. P. and the B. B. & C. I. Railway lines at Dadar, Mr. Moolraj P. Parekh be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

Government Letters—

47. Regarding a proposal for constructing a road along the Kennedy Sea Face from Marine Lines to Chowpatty.

48. Regarding the question of lights on the Kennedy Sea Face and the dust on the rides.

49. Regarding the question of fares for season tickets for suburban railway traffic.

Letters from the Commissioner—

50. Requesting sanction to a revised regular line being prescribed for the west side of Suklaji Street.

51. Requesting sanction to Mr. Haji Suleman Jama being allowed to retain the 1in. water service pipe laid through Municipal ground at Chembur on certain conditions.

52. Requesting sanction to a plot, of land belonging to Government being taken on lease for the extension of the Erskine Road Market on certain conditions.

53. Submitting for approval a draft of the revised lease proposed to be entered into with Government in respect of the skinning ground at Chembur.

54—55. Requesting sanction to special compassionate allowances of Rs. 406-8-0 and Rs. 270 being paid respectively to the heirs of a deceased mason and a fireman.

56. Requesting sanction to a gratuity of Rs. 84 being paid to a laskar in the Road Branch of the Executive Engineer's Department.

57. Requesting sanction to the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company's proposal to lay a temporary overhead main to supply the Willingdon Club and the Race Stand.

58. Requesting sanction to the divers employed on the Love Grove Outfall Works being allowed to occupy a Municipal bungalow at Worli Hill free of rent.

Schools Committee's Letters—

59. Forwarding excerpts from the Committee's proceedings.

60. Forwarding the Administration Report of the Committee for 1916-17.

61. Intimating that the Municipal schools were closed on the Bombay War Loan Day (14th June 1917), and that the amount of Rs. 2,703-15-9 collected on that day will be invested in the War Loan and form a Prize Fund in the hands of the Committee.

62. Reporting the results of the Medical inspection of school children since 1st March 1917.

Letters from the Commissioner—

63.—Submitting, for approval, plans and estimates for the construction of school buildings at Babula Tank and Dongri.

64. Forwarding returns of food stuff destroyed by the Markets Department.

65. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

66. Forwarding a statement showing the quantity of water brought into the City.

67. Forwarding a return showing the

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

(*Continued.*)

pressure in the water mains in the different localities of the City.

68. Forwarding the Executive Health Officer's report for the second quarter of 1917.

69. Forwarding returns of patients treated at the Arthur Road and Maratha Hospitals.

70. Forwarding a statement of assessment of properties.

71. Forwarding a report of the Chemical and Bacteriological work done in the Municipal Laboratory.

72. Forwarding, for approval, an estimate for widening and improving Waudby Road.

Notices of motions—

73. From Dr. Dinsha Bamanji Pestanji Master—For requesting the Commissioner to place before the Corporation a scheme for gradually providing small open spaces or gardens in densely populated parts of the City.

74—76. From Mr. Ramkrishna S. Navalkar—(74) For requesting the Weights and Measures Committee to expedite its report re new maplis; (75) For obtaining particulars regarding the prevalence of a large number of enteric fever cases in the City; and (76) For obtaining certain particulars regarding the distribution of filtered water, etc., in the City.

77. From Dr. Moreshwar C. Javle—For requesting the Commissioner not to insist upon the closing or filling in of wells in the north of the Island but to allow the use of the wells, provided they are cleaned and stocked with Khajura fish.

78. From Dr. S. S. Batliwala—For obtaining a report regarding the filling in of the Chamarbaug tank by the Improvement Trust.

79—82. From Mr. Sunderrao D. Navalkar—(79) For obtaining certain particulars regarding the conservancy staff; (80) For obtaining certain particulars regarding road construction in the City; (81) For obtaining a report as to whether the public has been benefited by the licensing of the sale of milk and whether there has been an improvement in the quality of the milk supplied; and (82) For requesting the Commissioner to give intermittent supply of water and not constant supply to the different bodies in the suburbs.

83. From Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetji—For obtaining a report on the fire which broke out in Frag Mahal near Dhobi Talao and as to the desirability of obtaining legal powers for controlling the storage of cinema films.

84. From Dr. Moreshwar C. Javle—For requesting the Commissioner to include in the future Administration Reports a statement showing the figures of general revenue derived from each ward in the City.

85. From Dr. S. S. Batliwala—For obtaining a report as to the steps to be taken for improving the Sorab Mills gully at Dadar.

Letters from the Commissioner—

86. Regarding the removal of silt from sewers, etc., during the year 1916.

87. Submitting a report on the question of allowing the preparation of cow-dung cakes at Tardeo and dumping of silt from sewers on the Byculla flats.

88. Regarding payment of general tax in respect of the Parsi General Hospital building rented by Government as a War Hospital.

89. Regarding the nuisance caused by stench emanating from the Love Grove Outfall.

90. Requesting sanction to certain drainage work at premises No. 126, Mahim Bazar Road, being carried out at Municipal expense.

91. Regarding the question of reclaiming the storm-water reservoir with refuse without the provision of adequate sub-soil drainage.

Notices of motions—

92. From Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetji—For obtaining particulars concerning street accidents.

93. From Mr. H. P. Mody—For requesting the Commissioner to expedite his report on the question of the application of the Town Planning Act to Mahim.

Letters from the Commissioner—

94. Reporting the action taken by the Commissioner in connection with the enhancement of the rateable value of property No. 5572 G ward, Upper Mahim.

95. Reporting the circumstances under which the Water Department have been able to supply water more regularly and with greater pressure in B Ward than was the case before.

96. Requesting sanction to a plot of Municipal land being exchanged for a plot of land belonging to Messrs. Premsukh Uderam and Murlidhar Premsukh in Dadar-Kumbharwada.

97—98. Memoranda from the Municipal Secretary—Submitting (97) a statement of Budget transfers sanctioned by the Standing Committee, and (98) a statement of Outstanding Committees of the Corporation.

Reports of Committees of the Corporation—

99. Regarding kutchra depots at Dhobi Talao and Null Bazar.

100. Regarding (1) the acquisition of certain plots of Municipal land in connection with the Trust's Crawford Market to Sandhurst Road Street Scheme, (2) the question of reserving the site of the Jambli Tank at Mahim Bazar Road as a recreation ground, and (3) the Port Trustees' proposal to lay a double line of railway across Dock Yard Road.

101. Regarding a proposal to allow the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company to carry their proposed independent railway line between Mahim and Wadala over the Tansa and Vehar Mains.

102. Regarding a site for the location of the proposed market at Chowpatty.

103. Regarding the question whether there should be a City Court in addition to

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

(*Continued.*)

the High Court and the Small Causes Court, or whether the jurisdiction of the Small Causes Court should be raised to a higher limit of value and extended to more numerous classes of suits.

104. Regarding Draft Bye-laws relating to Horse and Bullock Stables.

105. Regarding the charges to be levied by the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company for the supply of electric energy when the consumption for any quarter falls below 40 units, and other matters.

106. Regarding the question of the staff required for the work of conservancy of the military area in Colaba.

By order of the President,
R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 4th August, 1917.

THE EXCHANGE BANKS, BOMBAY,

THURSDAY, the 9th instant being a Public Holiday the EXCHANGE BANKS will be closed in accordance with the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881. 9205.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following Interim Dividends have been declared namely:—

Rs. 300 per share on 100 original shares of Rs. 2,500 each.

Rs. 15 per share on 40,000 shares of Rs. 125 each.

The above Interim Dividends are payable on and after 6th August to Shareholders whose names are on the Register on 27th July, 1917, on presentation of Share Certificates.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 28th July to 4th August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.

Bombay, 26th July, 1917. 9074

THE MERCANTILE PRESS COMPANY, LD

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Mercantile Press Company, Limited, will be held at the registered Office of the Company No. 187, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 6th day of August, 1917, at 2 p.m., (S. T.), when the sub-joined Resolution which was passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, held on the 10th day of July, 1917, will be submitted for confirmation as a special Resolution:

"That the Capital of the Company be reduced from Rs. 2,00,000 divided into 1,600 shares of Rs. 125 each to Rs. 40,000 divided into 1,600 shares of Rs. 25 each and that such reduction be effected by cancelling Capital which has been lost or is unrepresented by available assets to the extent of Rs. 100 per share upon each of the 1,600 shares which have been issued and are now outstanding and by reducing the nominal amount of all the shares in the Company's Capital from Rs. 125 to Rs. 25 per share."

Dated this 17th day of July, 1917.

By order of the Board,
KARSONDAS T. ROWJEE & Co.,
Agents.

8976

THE MAN

who disappeared from Somewhere just after a package of internationally important documents was taken from my room at the New Hotel has been traced to this section of the country.

He is about 6 feet tall, military bearing, with light hair, and a double horseshoe scar on his left cheek.

I will Pay
Rs. 5,000
Reward

for his arrest, and

RS. 25,000

for the return of the papers, if the seals are unbroken.

Address

RALPH PAYNE

C/o This Paper.

REWARD OF RS. 5.

LOST One SHARE of the SINDH PRESS bearing No. 327. Anybody who will return the same to the undersigned within one month from the date hereof, will be given the above mentioned reward.

RUTTONSHAH MUNCHERJI SORABKHAN
Machhlipit, Surat.

Dated 30th July, 1917. 9117

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LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DHONDIBA GOPAL WHAG and BALKRISHNA GOPAL WHAG, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client All persons therefore having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, bequest, sale, gift, mortgage, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claims and all such claims will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement or buildings and two chawls standing thereon situate lying and being at Haines Road, Byculla, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and which said premises are registered in the Books of the Collector of land revenue under Old No. 118, New No C/13620 Old Survey No. 355 and New Survey No. 4/3489 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 4361 and 4362 and Street No. 188 and (1) and containing by admeasurement 483 2/9th square yards be the same little more or less and bounded as follows on the East by the property of Krishnaji Suggaji on the West by the property of Gamaji Balaji on the North by the Haines Road and on the South by the property of Luxman Bhandari.

Dated this 4th day of August 1917.

ARDESIR HORMASJI DINSHAW & Co.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

9215.

SALE BY AUCTION

BENNETT & CO.
NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT SAMUEL STREET.

Under instructions from Bai Bachibai widow of the late Mr. Hussumbhai Visram, and in pursuance of the directions contained in the Consent Decree in Suit No. 283 of 1916 Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by public auction at the premises the following very valuable landed properties, situate at Samuel Street, (Khoja Mohalla), on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of August, 1917 at 4-30 o'clock in the afternoon (S.T.), the property first described, which consists of a large piece of land with five houses thereon will be sold either in one lot, or the said houses thereon will be sold separately, as may be determined at the time of sale.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

FIRST.—All that piece of land of Quit and Ground Rent tenure admeasuring 1,889 square yards or thereabouts, situate on the West side of Samuel Street (Khoja Mohalla) in the City and Registration Sub-district of Bombay with five separate houses standing thereon, divided by common passages and gullies, bearing Collector's New Survey Nos. 2863, 1—2-2864, 2865, 1—2—3-2867, and 2868, and Municipal B. Ward Nos. 1640, 1748 to 1751 and 1754 to 1759, and bounded on or towards the East by Samuel Street aforesaid, on or towards the North and West by Israil Mohalla Lane, and on or towards the South partly by the said Israil Mohalla lane, partly by the property of Ahmedbhai Habibbhai and partly by the property of the said Bachibai.

SECONDLY.—All that piece of land of Quit and Ground Rent, tenure admeasuring 201 8-9 square yards or thereabouts, with the building standing thereon, situate on the East side of Samuel Street (Khoja Mohalla) in the City and Registration Sub-district of Bombay bearing Collector's New No. 1-2781 & Municipal Ward No. 1661, Street Nos. 129 to 133 and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Ismail Mahomed Rowji, on or towards the South by the property of Dosa Kirpal, on or towards the East by the property of Vassanji Tricumji and on or towards the West by Samuel Street, aforesaid.

The above properties realise nearly Rs. 2,000 by way of rent per month.

For further particulars and conditions of sale and inspection of plan showing the lots in which the property first described is divided, application may be made to Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the said Bachibai, at their Office in Mercantile Bank building, No. 54, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AND ALSO THE EDWARD THEATRE AT KALBADEVI ON THE MAIN KALBADEVI ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors for the Vendors, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 15th August 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by public auction on the premises the following very valuable landed properties:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground on the East side of Kalbadevi Road, admeasuring 950 square yards or thereabouts (of which about 935 square yards is pension, and tax land and about 15 square yards is claimed by the Vendors to be of quit and ground rent tenure, but which the Collector of Bombay asserts is Sanadi land together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New Nos. 2470-7302 and New Survey Nos. 1-27, 27, 2-27, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward Nos. C1786-1787-1788-2463(1) and 2463(2), and Street Nos. 8-10-12-14 and 12, bounded as follows; that is to say, on or towards the North by lot No. 2, hereinafter described, on or towards the South by Jambulwadi Lane, on or towards the East by Kalbadevi Road, and on or towards the West by the property of Muljee Jaitha.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate on the West of Kalbadevi Road, admeasuring 607 square yards or thereabouts is partly pension and tax and partly of quit and ground rent tenure another 70 square yards or thereabouts is claimed by the Vendors as of quit and ground rent tenure, but which the Collector of Bombay assers to be Sanadi land and the remaining portion admeasuring 540 square yards or thereabouts is Farzendari land) registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New Nos. 2470, 7302, New Survey Nos. 1-27, 27, 2-27, 38 and 39, together with the building and theatre known as the Edwardes Theatre standing thereon, and all the furniture and fittings appertaining to the said Theatre including all electric fittings, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward Nos. 1759, 2527, 2529, 1790 and 2530 and Street Nos. 16-42-44-18-20 and 45, bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the North by the Kolbhat Lane, on or towards the South by lot No. 1 on or towards the East by Kalbadevi Road and on or towards the West by the property of Mulji Jaitha and partly by Kolbhat Wadi.

For further particulars and conditions of

SALE BY AUCTION

BENNETT & CO.—(*Contd*)

sale, apply to Messrs. Payne and Co. Solicitors for the Vendors, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT TO A LEASE FOR 3 (THREE) YEARS OF A VALUABLE PLOT OF MUNICIPAL LAND, AT ABDUL REHMAN STREET.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on MONDAY the 27th August 1917, at 3 p.m. (B.T.) sell by public auction on the premises:—

The right to Lease for (3) three years the vacant piece of land comprising an area of 684 sq. yards or thereabouts situate on the West side of Abdul Rehman Street, at its junction with 3rd Agiary Lane.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co., Solicitors to the Municipal Corporation or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 6th August, 1917.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.
Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 53, Meadows Street, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 7th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE of very rich household Furniture by C Lazarus and other well-known Makers Indian hand carved wardrobes smart U. H. L. coldrolled art steel combination roll top typewriter table and cabinet by the Toledo Metal Furniture Co. Indian carved ladies devonporte camera lenses, by Ross and Denmore, rich plated-ware, Singer motor car, circular glass fronted English brougham, etc., etc.

TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 7th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T. Messrs MEHTA and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction, at their rooms the very valuable highly polished and substantial teak and black wood household furniture by C Lazarus of Calcutta and other well-known makers consisting of dining tables, dining chairs, mirrored sideboards, dinner waggons, meatsafes, rich silk tapestry lined complete drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, rich artistic cabinets, smart U. H. L. cold rolled art steel combination roll top typewriter table and cabinet on leather tipped feat and adjustable bronze bearing leather castored legs by the Toledo Metal Furniture Co., rich book-cases, rich mirrored hatstands rich ornaments, brass silver plated flower pots, rich Indian hand carved wardrobes, ladies' carved Devonportes, carved centre tables, carved jardineer stands, rich Chinese verandah rope furniture and sewing machine rich camera lenses by Ross and Denmore, rich cloth and gown presses by C. Lazarus, double high bedroom almyrahs, dressing and washing tables, dressing chests of drawers, old China vases, rich platedware, rich glass and porcelainware, carpenters tools, gardenshovels, etc. etc., the property of C. T. Willson, Esq. Chief Commanding Officer, S. S. Linga, B. I. S. N. Co. proceeded to Basra, including that of J. N. Lawrence, Esq. and other.

Property of other Gentleman:—

One five seated, four cylinder, completely overhauled Singer motor car.

One circular glass fronted English brougham fitted with new Dunlop tyres.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view

A VERY GOOD INVESTMENT.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT THE JUNCTION OF NORTHBROOK SRTEET AND DURGADEVI, STREET.

On WEDNESDAY, the 15th August, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction, by order of Messrs. Crawford, Bayley and Co. Attorneys for Messrs Jitaji Khumaji and others, the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor, Mr. Jagjivan Raisey Raja and by virtue of the Power of Sale reserved unto the said Mortgagees under an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 17th day of July, 1915, the undermentioned very valuable landed property, facing two roads on the premises:—

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 970 and eight-ninths square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 2980-2983, New No. 9926, Old Survey No. 5072, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling houses standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward No. 7790 and Street Nos. 200-202, and C Ward Nos. 7791-7792, Street Nos. 1-2, and all which premises are situate, at Northbrook Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded on or towards the East by Northbrook Street, on or towards the West by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the North by Durgadevi Street, and on or towards the South by the property now or late of Mesoor Raja.

Further particulars and the conditions of sale, can be had on application to Messrs. Crawford, Bayley and Co., Attorneys for the said Messrs. Jitaji Khumaji and others at their Office at No. 24, Esplanade Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

P. S.—There are seventeen shops in the above buildings and the monthly rent is about Rs. 1,100.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT MORLAND ROAD BYCULLA.

On WEDNESDAY the 22nd instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell the undermentioned valuable landed property by Public Auction on the premises under instructions from Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for Mr. Rustamji Jehangir Vakil and on account and at the risk of Bai Awabai Rustamji Patel pursuant to the Power of Sale under an Indenture of Mortgagee dated the 20th day May 1915 an made between the Mortgagor of the first part Rustamji Cawasji Patel of the second part and the Mortagagor of the third part.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the Bungalows, outhouses and stables standing thereon situate at Morland Road Byculla without the Fort of Bombay in the City and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 480 & 3/9th square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 133 New No. C/13641 Old Survey No. 277 and New Survey No. 7/8534 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 4065 (3) and Street No. 252B and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by a piece of vacant land belonging to Samsudin Sullemanji Borah on or towards the East by a piece of vacant land belonging to Alibhoy Motabhai Borah on or towards the South by a piece of vacant land belonging to Shaik Ali Abdul Hasan and Adamji Abdul Hasan and on or towards the West by the Old Race Course.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

MEHTA & Co.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th August, 1917.

SALE BY AUCTION

J. S. MODY & CO.
20, APOLLO STREET, FORT

AUCTION SALE of a quantity of Bhoosa, Gram, Hoop Iron, Grain Sweepings, etc., at Grain Depot, Tank Bunder, Mazagon.

By order of the Embarkation Store Officer Bombay, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will THIS DAY MONDAY, the 6th day of August 1917, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, at Grain Depot, Tank Bunder, Mazagon:

A quantity of bhoosa, gram, hoop iron, grain sweepings, etc. etc.

Cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

J. S. MODY & Co.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th August, 1917.

GANDHI & CO
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE of an immoveable property at Parel Mingut Mandli under instructions from Messrs. Jamshedji Rustomji and Devidas, Attorneys for Mr. Jivabhai Maganlal second mortgagor advertised for sale to-day MONDAY, the 6th August is POSTPONED until further notice.

GANDHI, & Co.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th August, 1917

AMUSEMENTS.

PACKED NIGHTLY
6-30 TO-NIGHT 10
GAIETY THEATRE EDWARDES.
PALACE OF VARIETIES
THE GAIETY CO.
presents
THE WORLD-FAMOUS NOVELTY ACT
Frolics in Frogland
ZEEO
The only Lady Frog
assisted by
ZAIDA AND QUEENIE
LA PETIT
ZILLA
The Prince of Pentomime
IN SONGS AND DANCES
A bright Australian Star
with a Voice
XAIDA STELLA
AUSTRALIAN VESTA TILLEY
By Persmission of
MISS VESTA TILLEY, LONDON
QUEENIE LLOYD
THE CUTE KID
The
MUSICAL WEATHERLEYS
in a
SWEET MUSICAL ACT
THE ABOVE REFINED ENTERTAINMENT
will be intercepted
BY. PATHE'S EXCLUSIVE DRAMA:
THE DEADLY MODEL
and
A SPARKLING COMEDY

NEW ALHAMBRA
CINEMA.
NEW SANDHURST ROAD.
Telephone No. 2417.
LAST AND SIXTH INSTALMENT
10,000 feet of
THE
MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY
Concluding events most thundering
Farewell Scenes Highly Exciting
SATURDAY AND SUNDAY
PRIZE MATINEES at 3-30 & 5-15
AND EVERY NIGHT
At 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S. T.).
PRICES HALF ONLY.

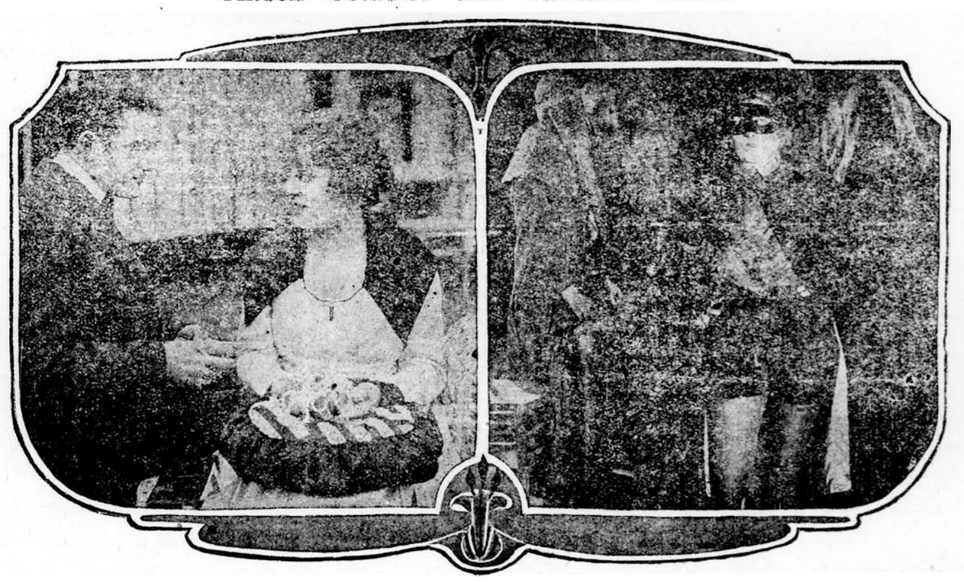
DO NOT MISS
THE OPENING CHAPTERS OF THE UNIVERSAL'S SUPER SERIAL
THE PURPLE MASK
THE PURPLE MASK
FEATURING
GRACE CUNARD AND FRANCIS FORD
the two greatest serial stars.
MYSTERY. LOVE. ROMANCE.
ADVENTURE. THRILLS
are all found in this serial.
THE MOST LAVISH PRODUCTION OF ITS KIND EVER SCREENED IN INDIA.
Thrice Nightly—7, 8-45, 10-30.
USUAL HALF RATES.
SHOWING AT
NEW ALEXADRA
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EMPIRE
BOMBAY'S MOST BEAUTIFUL THEATRE.
THE YOUNGEST LEADING LADY IN THE WORLD!
Baby Marie Osborne
Baby Marie Osborne
The Cuddly Kid
IN
"Twin Kiddies"
"Twin Kiddies"
"Twin Kiddies"
A bewitching photo-play of tears and laughter.
4,000 feet.
THE LOVABLE CUDDLY KID
BABY MARIE OSBORNE AGED 4 YEARS.
The smallest leading lady of the age famed in filmdom as the most charming and delightful Baby Star.

A BORN GENIUS OF UNDOUBTED POWERS.
TO-DAY AT 6-30, 8-30 & 10 P. M.

The Great Universal Serial
40,000 feet. 40,000 feet.
FEATURING THE TWO GREATEST SERIAL STARS ON EARTH.
AT THE
ITALIAN CINEMA
ELDORADO
LAMINGTON ROAD (North).
THE-PURPLE-MASK
GRACE CUNARD and FRANCIS FORD.



The most thrilling mystery-serial ever realised. A moving picture drama that will enthrall you with its swift action; grip you with its deeds of daring; awe you with its mysterious spell; arouse you to a new appreciation of the marvels of the photoplay drama. In this great picture you will see the serial Stars par-excellence—

GRACE CUNARD and FRANCIS FORD.

Let nothing interfere with your seeing the very first episode of this remarkable story of a female Raffles of high society and the under-world Stage in the most lavish manner; and played by an immense Company, it will be a tremendous treat. It will give you many evenings of perfect photo play entertainment. See it at the ELDORADO. Tell your friends. Bring the whole family and do not miss a single episode.

Please note the change of time.
6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

TELEPHONE No. 1304. **ELDORADO ITALIAN CINEMA** LAMINGTON ROAD (NORTH).

WHAT IS THE SPECIALITY IN THE ANNAPURNA COOKER?
Write a card to-day for the full descriptive literature to—
ANNAPURNA COOKER & Co.
Near America India Cinema, Girgaum, BOMBAY.
Agents:—INDO-FOREIGN PERFUMERY STORES. Near Crawford Market, BOMBAY

"O. T."
A STIMULANT *without* ALCOHOL.
SOLD BY ALL STORES.

AMUSEMENTS.

Assuredly the eight parts this week of

"THE DIAMOND FROM THE SKY."

Are a shade better than any preceding chapters.

The marvellous staging—especially the "setting" of the fancy dress carnival, the glorious variety of costumes, the super-excellent dancing of a renowned dancer, grip the spectator from the start to the finish

AT THE

WEST END CINEMA

(New Churny Road.)

LADIES ADMITTED AT HALF RATES IN FIRST CLASS, *i. e.* FOR **FOUR ANNAS** ONLY, FROM MONDAY TO FRIDAY.

FOUR SHOWS DAILY—AT 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)

THE EXCELSIOR

BOMBAY'S LEADING THEATRE.

The Operatic Event of 1917,

EVERY EVENING AT 9-30

MAURICE E. BANDMAN

presents the

BANDMAN OPERA CO,

TO-NIGHT, TO-MORROW AND WEDNESDAY, AT 9-30

The Phenomenal Alhembra Revue

"THE BING BOYS ARE HERE"

For the first time in Bombay

Thursday and Friday 9th & 10th Aug. at 9-30

The World's Record Breaker

"THE MERRY WIDOW"

Saturday 11th, Sunday 12th at 9-30

The Dainty Musical Comedy

"TINA"

For Half Price Matinee at 6 p. m. see Papers on Friday 10th.

PRICES AS USUAL.

Plan at ROSE & Co.

from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Daily.

Saturday from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Matinee Plan Open all day

Sunday at the Excelsior.

EVERY EVENING AT 6-30.

EXCELSIOR PICTURES.

OFFICIAL WAR FILMS.

MAX LINDER COMEDY.

PATHE DRAMA IN 2 ACTS.

'FOR HONOUR & COUNTRY"

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

IMPERIAL

The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay.

LAMINGTON ROAD.

TO-NIGHT.

"THE ROMANTIC JOURNEY"

A GOLD ROOSTER PLAY

IN 5 PARTS

Featuring

for the first time in India.

WILLIAM COURTENAY

AND

ALICE DOVEY.

THRILLING, ROMANTIC AND MYSTERIOUS.

PATHE GAZETTE

Latest.

HOOEY HEROES

Comic.

7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. daily.

MATINEE—Saturday and Sunday 5 p. m.

POPULAR PRICES.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

PREMIER THEATRE OF THE EAST.

NIGHTLY AT 6-45 & 10.

BRILLIANT PICTURE BILL.

IN COMMEMORATION OF THE 3RD ANNIVERSARY OF WAR.

The Patriotic French Film:

"THE BUGLER OF ALGIERS"

The heroine's brother and her sweetheart (a bugler) go to Algiers together and when the French are losing heavily and these two are captured, the bugler sounds the charge and wins the day for his countrymen.

"THE SIGN OF THE POPPY"

A Brilliant Chinese mystery play in which we are introduced to the evil-smelling Chinese quarter of San Francisco and some of its conning denzies. It is full of thrills.

The last mail's

PATHE GAZETTE.

Showing: The reception of Gen. Pershing, Chief of U. S. A. Army at Liverpool.—Fourth of June at Eton.—Unauthorised Pacifists Censured—Queen Mary with the Children &c., &c.

IN THE ROYAL OPERA HOUSE IT IS A GREAT TREAT TO HEAR THE SPECIAL MUSIC RENDERED BY THE EUROPEAN ARTISTES.

Prices: Re. 1-8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4; Box seats, Re. 2.

COMMERCIAL

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Aug 3rd.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports		6,000
" Export to Great Britain		12,000
Futures at New York Oct.		25.04+25
" " Jan.		24.60-24
" " Mar.		24.74-24
Spot Cotton at New York		25.50-15
" " New Orleans		25.00 unchd
Futures at New Orleans Oct.		23 83+21
" " Jan.		23.89+20
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)		9 1/8
Demand Bills		4.75 55
Silver Commercial Bars		8,03/4
Week's Receipts at all U. S. Ports		44,000
" Exports to Great Britain		48,000
" " to France Continent		21,000
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Port		5,17,000
" " at Interior Ports		3,31 000

New York of New Orleans markets are closed to morrow

MONEY MARKET.

London, Aug. 2nd.

Bar Silver Spot	41
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	4 13/16
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	4 3/4
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5 1/8
" " 6 "	5 3/8

Closing Tone of Silver:—Advanced owing to Continental and other demand: Steady

Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 5th April 1917

Interest day to day loans	4
" 7 day market loans	4 1/4

London, Aug 3rd

Ex. On London at Paris Francs Not offered. 27.44

WAR LOANS.

London, Aug. 2nd.

3½% 1925—1928	£86½ ex-div.
4½% 1925—1945	£95½
5% New	£94 1/2
Consols 2½%	55½
Rupee Paper 5½% Nominal	65½
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	67
Government Securities 3%	57

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Aug. 3rd

RAPESEED.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual Bold per ton July-Aug. Value	595
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat. ex-Ship per ton July-Aug Buyers	600
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore ex-Ship per ton July-Aug. Value	595

LINSEED.

Linseed Ordinary per 416lbs. ex-Ship Per ton Aug-Sept, Prompt Paid	600
Linseed Small Aug. Sept Prompt Paid	590
Rapeseed, Ferozepore ordinary July-Aug.	592/6

London, Aug 2nd.

Linseed Calcutta August-Sept. Value	600

METALS.

Londod Aug. 3rd:

English best Selected Copper	£133
Standard Copper G. M. B. Nominal	£125½

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta, Oct-Dec. Nominal	20
Fine White Java, C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec Nominal	22/6

Bombay-Karachi Not offered owing to freight difficulty

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Aug.-Sept. Sellers	2/2½
Plantation First Latex Crepe Aug Paid	2/6

ARE *YOU* FOLLOWING

"THE GREAT SECRET"?

Starring Francis Bushman and Beverly Bayne the officially crowned King and Queen of Screen Actors.

Most Handsome Actor and most Beautiful Actress appearing for the first time in Bombay.

The Bushman-Bayne combination has no Parallel in the History of the Cinema.

THE MIGHTIEST OF MYSTERY SERIALS EVER SEEN

EXCITING, ABSORBING, TENSE, SWIFT AND POWERFUL ACTION.

GAINING INTEREST IN EVERY SCENE AND CHAPTER.

600 players including noted Actors, Pugilists and former Police officials

COST OF PRODUCTION Rs. 2¼ MILLIONS!

THESE ARE THE UNVARNISHED FACTS—NO HYPERBOLE

NOW IT'S UP TO YOU TO COME AND JUDGE THIS SUPERSERIAL

There is besides another item you can't miss that's the "Uncle-Sam at Work" series. It lets you peep into the Gigantic Manufactories of America. The most edifying series showing you things one can't hope to see in ones whole life time! Enjoy this entertainment incomparable.

TO-NIGHT!

OLYMPIA

AT THE FIRST AND FOREMOST SERIAL PLAYHOUSE

SANDHURST ROAD.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Aug. 4.

This morning the quotation for Good Broach April was Rs. 497, but the Marwadi bazaar opened quiet and easier at Rs. 493 and quickly declined to Rs. 483, recovering later on to Rs. 485. With the bazaar at this rate Good Broach was done on Association terms at Rs. 490. Later in the day the market was weaker and in the bazaar the price declined to Rs. 479, recovering to Rs. 481. A moderate business has been done both on Exchange terms and Association terms, in the latter Fine Khamgaon Akola January having changed hands at Rs. 464. At 6 p.m. the rates were as under.

Ready cotton has been quiet with little doing.

QUOTATIONS 6 P.M.

OLD CROP.

Fine M. G. Bengal	Sept.		383
Good M. G. Westerns	Augt-Sept.		462
Good H. G. Westerns	Augt-Sept.		428
Good Sawgd. Dharwar	Augt-Sept.		427
Good Mr G. Coompta	Augt-Sept.		468
Good M. G. Miraj	Augt-Sept.		486

NEW CROP.

Good Broach	April	Rs. 480
Fine Khamgaon Akola	January	464
" Khandesh	"	446
" Muthia	"	20
" Bengal	"	377
Fully Good Bengal	"	364

Quotation for NEW CROP are nett, the 5½ per cent discount having been abolished.

QUOTATIONS 9-30 P.M.

NEW CROP.

Broach good	April	481/8
Bengal	January fully good	469

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. of 3rd August:—

Cotton	4,371 bales.
Wheat	18,249 cwts
Linseed	12,589 "
Rape, Rai and Mustardseed	540 "
Gingellyseed	1,028 "
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	2,184 "
Castorseed	1,810 "
Rice	19,870 "
Myrabollams	213 "
Cottonseed	361 "
Mowraseed	Nil "
Gram	4,761 "
Jowar	Nil "
Maize	Nil "
Barley	1,476 "

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 4th August, 1917, at 4-30 p.m.

Growths	Super-fine	Fine	Fully Good	Good	Delivery
Bengals (M G)	..	380	363	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Bengals (M G)	385	385	375	..	Ready
	..	382	..	..	Sept.
Sclade-Punjab (M G)	396	386	376	..	Ready
Khandesh (M.G.)	..	375	360	345	Ready
	..	455	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Oomra M.G. (Fair Staple)	..	..	..	..	..
Akola Khamgaum Karanja (M G)	..	430	410	..	Ready
	..	470	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Oomrawatee descriptions (M G)	..	425	405	..	Ready
Dhamangaum Peelgaum (M G)	..	410	410	..	Ready
Yeotmal (M G)	..	438	418	..	Ready
Wagpore Kampti (M G)	..	445	430	..	Ready
Wardha R'ghat (M G)	..	447	432	..	Ready
	..	..	..	..	..
Broach (M G)	..	493	475	450	Ready
	..	..	..	478	1/25th Apl. 18
Wadhwan (M.G.)	..	380	365	..	Ready
Mathia (M.G)	..	425	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Bhagolkote Bijapur (M.G.)	..	..	430	460	Ready
Sawgd Dharwar	..	..	493	476	August/Sept.
Westerns (M.G.)	..	..	458	430	August/Sept.
Westerns (H.G.)	..	..	440	426	August/Sept.
Ccompta (M.G.)	..	..	498	473	August/Sept.
Miraj Asthni (M.G.)	..	..	460	470	August/Sept.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Aug. 4th—4 p. m.

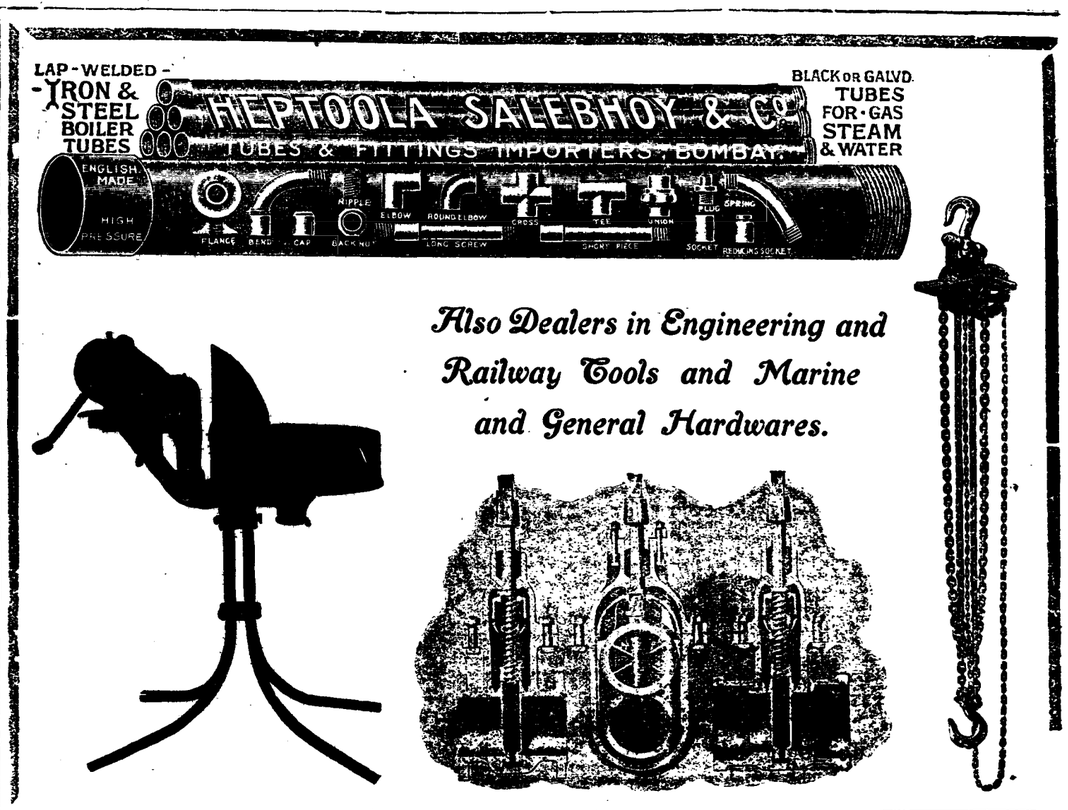
Ready.	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Bill Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70.30	43 0 0	6 5 3
" Cawnpore 70.30	42 8 0	6 4 9
" Karachi Bangla	42 0 0	6 4 6
Rapeseed Brown Delhi	6 4 0	6 10 0
" Cawnpore	6 4 0	6 10 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	7 0 0	7 6 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	5 0 0	5 6 0
" Thin	7 8 0	7 14 0
Teelseed, White 85.15	43 8 0	8 2 0
" Gujar 75 25	43 0 0	9 0 0
" Gujar 50 50	42 8 0	8 14 0
" Black	36 8 0	8 0 0
Poppyseed, White	7 4 0	7 10 0
Groundnuts	48 0 0	8 6 0
Mowraseed	4 0 0	4 6 0
Jawa	29 0 0	4 0 0
Arandi	38 8 0	7 14 0
Forward.	Rs. a. p.	
Wheat Sept.	6 9 0	0
Linseed Sept.	8 11 6	0

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER.

By rail from Bombay on 2nd August:—	Bars	Ounces
G. I. P. Railway	6	7,128
B. B. & C. I. Railway	5	5,924

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages	Value Rs.	From
12 Cases rupees	23,556	Straits.



BULLION.

The tone of the silver market is steady.
Bar Gold 25-10.
Shield Sovereign 17.
Dragon 15-12.
Silver Ready Ex-duty 97-10.
Silver 1st Sett Ex-duty 97-10.

EXCHANGE.

Bank Tel. Transfer 1/4 7/32.
Bank Demand drafts 1/4 9/32.
3 months' Sight Credits 1/4 19/32.
Bank Demand on France Frcs. 185½.
3 months' Sight France Frcs. 192.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 180½.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 281¼.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 150.
60 days' Sight Japan Rs. 147.
D. D. on New York Rs. 309½.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47.
Cum-warrant 95.
Warrant 3 per cent.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 86.
4 per cent. Conversion Terminable Loan 95.
3½ per cent. Small pieces 66.
3 per cent. Small pieces 57.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bond guaranteed redeemable 3 months' notice 78.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bond guaranteed redeemable Long dated 75.
Municipal Long dated 74.
Municipal Short dated 76.
City Improvement Trust 60 years Jan.-July 73½.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 90.
Sanitary 93.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 6 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 6 per cent.

SHARES.

The share market was quiet all round with speculators' unloading for September delivery. A further fall is expected in almost all the shares as we feel weak holders are likely to clear out soon.

Standards were placed at prices varying from 1,830 to 1,820, Fazulbhoys from 840 to 832/8, Madhavjees from 2,220 to 2,200, Shapurji from 132/8 to 128/12, Pearls from 550 to 555 and Swadeshis from 1,820 to 1,830.

Advance improved to 1,050, Bombay United to 725, Century to 357½, Crescents to 253/12, Currimbhoy to 376/4, Indian Bleachings to 277/8, Central India were steady at 2,440, Indore-Malwas were steady at 390, Kasturchand improved to 1,260, Luxmi Cotton to 1,300, Manekjee Petit to 1,650, Simplex to 725, and Tata Mills to 690.

David declined to 537/8.

Tata Iron ordinary shares were placed between 290 and 285, deferred between 1,170 and 1,160, Katni ordinary improved to 275, and deferreds to 970.

Alcock Ashdown improved to 990, Bombay-Burma declined to 960, Bombay Tramway improved to 357/8, and Bombay Steam to 315.

Heavy rainfall has breached the railway between the Kalabagh tank and Bannu in several places.

CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 24.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut. B. V. Clutterbuck, Field Artillery.
Major-General W Holmes, Flying Corps.
Captain M Johnstone, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut P Jolly, Lancasters
Second-Lieut H Lester-Smith, Cheshires.
Captain H L Ridley, Dublins.
Second-Lieut I V Robinson, Engineers.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED MISSING, NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut J Maconet, Royal Scots.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut T H Kempton, Field Artillery.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut H W Blackeney, Engineers.
Second-Lieut W Bramhall, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut A H Bradley, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut A Butler, Yorkshire L I.
Second-Lieut R D Christie, Yorkshires.
Lieut A B Conch, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut A C Coldicot, Warwicks.
Lieut A H Cole, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut W H Cousins, West Kents.
Second-Lieut E G Cutts, Engineers.
Second-Lieut S Donaldson, Highland L I.
Second-Lieut H D Duff, Londons.
Captain P W Edwards, Medicals.
Major W J F Halliday, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H Hart, Service.
Second-Lieut C A Haydock, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J H Herbert, Field Artillery.
Lieut J Jamieson, Royal Scots.
Lieut A B Johnston, Royal Scots.
Lieut P King, Engineers.
Second-Lieut A E Lewis, Shropshires.
Captain J W Linnell, Medicals.
Captain J T Madeley, Cheshires.
Captain G E Mansfield, Field Artillery.
Major E Matthews, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J Mills, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut C M Monks, Yorkshires.
Major B F Murphy, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut J C Napier, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut G C Nazer, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut F G Oakey, Suffolks.
Lieut R T Peacop, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A Roberts, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut N W Robertson, Roya' Scots.
Second-Lieut D G Rouquette, Service Corps.
Lieut J W Russell, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut T Russell, Royal Scots.
Captain G G Skinner, Medicals.
Second-Lieut R Smalley, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W Smith, Highland L I.
Major Hon. E P J Stourton, Yorkshire L I.
Lieut T Sutherland, Liverpools.
Captain D C Watt, Highland L I.
Second-Lieut L M Watts, Engineers.
Second-Lieut S H Wheatley, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut G L Whitelaw, Household Battalion.
Second-Lieut D H Wilkinson, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut M B Wills, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut F D Wilson, Royal Fusiliers.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut V C Coombs, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut G Davies, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut G A S Parkes, Flying Corps.

OFFICIAL CORRECTION.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut A V Surley, Field Artillery, should read Flying Corps.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 4.

The following names of British officers appear in casualty lists Nos. 464 and 465 and 466 Indian Expeditionary Forces:—

DIED OF WOUNDS.

2nd-Lieut M L Maguire, Royal Flying Corps.
Lieut J N Taylor, I.A.R.O.

DIED OF DISEASE.

2nd-Lieut A H G Ghatterton, Royal Field Artillery.
Lieut E N Cuthbertson, Warwickshires.
Lieut-Colonel E H Openshaw, Somerset Light Infantry.
2nd-Lieut L L De Ste Croix, Army Service Corps.
Lieut E Nunn, Inland Army Reserve of Officers.
Lieut-Colonel J H Horton, Indian Medical Service.
2nd-Lieut G R Toller, Lincolnshires.
Lieut D A King, Inland Water Transport.
Acting-Capt J T Dryden, Army Ordnance.
2nd-Lieut N Blanchard, Dorsetshires.
Engineer J Tosh, British Red Cross Society.

NAVAL CASUALTIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 30.

KILLED.

Acting Commander Fitzroy H Hall, R N.
Lieut Rredk W Coverdale, Engineer.
Engineer-Lieut Percival Robinson, Reserve.
Sub-Lieut Aubrey L W Norman, Reserve.
Engineer-Sub-Lieut William H Chittock, Reserve.
Engineer-Sub-Lieut Murdoch Rose, Reserve.

DIED.

Major William R Ledgard, Marines.

MISSING, BELIEVE KILLED.

Flight-Sub-Lieut Theodore C May.

WOUNDED.

Staff-Surgeon Edward L Atkinson, R N.
Flight-Sub-Lieut Alan C Campbell-Orde, R N.

WOUNDED (GAS).

Captain Walter W Ward, Marines.
Lieut Ernest Flave, Marine Artillery.
Lieut Sydney H Wood, Marines.

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

Sub-Lieut Charles A McDonald, Reserve.

ACCIDENTALLY INJURED.

Flight-Sub-Lieut William C Wilson.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING, NOW MISSING BELIEVE KILLED.

Flight-Sub-Lieut Frank Bray.

PREVIOUSLY DIED AS PRISONER OF WAR, NOW ALIVE BUT STILL PRISONER.

Flight-Sub-Lieut Bertram A Trechmann, R. N.

The Sessions Judge of Allahabad has set aside the sentence of three months' rigorous imprisonment passed by the Magistrate on Mea Din, a litigant, who was alleged to have offered a bribe of rupee one to the additional munsif of Allahabad in open Court. The judge held no offence had been committed, as the appellant was an ignorant villager who was told by some one that the payment of one rupee to the court official was a legal charge, and he offered it in that belief.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Hindu: 3rd of Vad of Shravan, 1973.
Mahomedan: 16th Shaval, 1335.
Parsi: 30th of Bahman, 1286.
Jewish: 18th of Ab, 5677.
Sunrise: 6h. 17min.; **Sunset:** 7h. 12min.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TUESDAY, Aug. 7.

Meeting of Bombay Branch Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, 6 p.m.

THURSDAY, Aug. 9.

"Gokul Ashtami" (Hindu Holiday), Banks closed.
Poona Races: First Extra Meeting.

FRIDAY, Aug. 10.

The Homeward English Mail closes at G.P.O. at 4 p.m.

MONDAY, August. 13.

Sitting of Exemption Tribunal, Town Hall, 11 a.m.

MONDAY, Aug. 20.

Ladies' Condolence Meeting for late Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji: Empire Theatre, 4-45 p.m. H. E. Lady Willingdon presiding.

DAILY.

Royal Opera House: 6-45 and 10 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Co. in "Bing Boys are pere" at 9-30.
Empire Cinema: 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m. "Who's Guilty" Series?
Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 6-45, 8-30 and 10 p.m.
Palace of Varieties: At 6-30 and 10 p.m. every Wednesday, Saturday and Monday Show, every Sunday at 6-30 p.m. at Edwards.
West End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15.
Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15 p.m.
Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road.
New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-15, 9-0 and 10-45.
Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

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POONA RIFLES.

POONA, Aug. 6.

674 Drill and Instruction.—Parades for the week ending 11th August, 1917:—

At Headquarters—
Monday, 6th, 7 a.m., "A" Co. and "B" Co. (Actives) and Recruits.
Monday, 6th, 6 p.m., Recruits.
Tuesday, 7th, 7 a.m., Recruits.
Tuesday, 7th, 6 p.m., Recruits.
Wednesday, 8th, 7 a.m., "A" Company and Recruits.
Wednesday, 8th, 6 p.m., Recruits.
Thursday, 9th, 7 a.m., Recruits.
Friday, 10th, 7 to 9 a.m., Battalion parade, all members to attend.
Friday, 10th, 6 p.m., Recruits.
Saturday, 11th, 7 a.m., "B" Company and Recruits.

680—Equipment.—The Quarter Master's Stores will be open for issue of equipment each morning from 7 to 8 a.m., Officer Commanding Companies will detail not more than 25 men each morning as follows:—
Monday and Wednesday, "B" Company.
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, "A" Company.

681 Move.—Captain R T Frire proceeded to Satara on Saturday, 4th instant, on supervising duty returning on completion.

682—Decrease.—The undermentioned are struck off the strength of the Corps from this date:—
No. 560, Cr. Sergt. Jall D. M., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 562, Pte. Irani B. R., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 563, Pte. Jamboosarwalla P. B., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 565, Pte. Kharas K. D., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 566, Pte. Kobla M. D., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 567, Pte. Madon S. M., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 569, Pte. Nagarwalla T. D., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 689, Pte. Rabadina K. A., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 569, Cadet Alamshaw R. N., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 570, Cadet Avesia K. P., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 571, Cadet Angoonley R, Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 572, Cadet Bhagalia D. P., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 574, Cadet Irani M. A., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 575, Cadet Tata N. M., Deolali Dett., transferred to the Bombay Rifles.
No. 463, Sergt. Mellard, K. J., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 437, Pte. Manger A. S., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 440, Pte. Samson E. S., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 442, Pte. Willis H. M., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 613, Pte. Ailchison P. E., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 612, Pte. Baker C. M., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 614, Pte. Boydes F. K., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 615, Pte. Brooks J. B., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 616, Pte. Cousens, K. J. M., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 617, Pte. Fisher W. F. D., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 618. Pte. Hubbard L., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 619, Pte. Lys H. B., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 620, Pte. Mould S. C., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 622, Pte. Mackay J. M., Nasik Dett., transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
transferred to the 1st G. I. P. Rly. Rifles.
No. 621, Pte. Veel W. T., Nasik Dett.,
(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY, Capt.,
Adjutant, Poona Rifles.

BAND AT THE FREEMAN THOMAS WAR HOSPITAL.

By kind permission of Col. T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn. G. I. P. Rifles will play a programme of music this evening under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 5-30.

CERCLE LITTERAIRE.

Mr. A. P. Maurice Magnier will hold the nineteenth of his series of "Causeries" in French in the hall of the Cercle Litteraire at 6 p.m. to-day.

NANDKOOVEBA ZENANA HOSPITAL.

The total number of patients treated during the month of July in the above hospital was 4,207 out of which 2,426 were females and 1,781 children. The daily average was 135.

MAILS FOR MAURITIUS.

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. on Friday the 10th instant instead of on the 6th as previously notified.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Thursday the 9th August 1917 being Gokul Astami or Janmastami will be observed as a Post Office Holiday. All post offices on that day will observe the same working hours as on Sundays. The Telegraph Branches of the Combined Offices will remain open.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, BOMBAY.

Under the auspices of the Social Service League, Bombay, Mr. L. G. Khare, will deliver a public lecture in English on "Municipal Endeavour in Social Welfare" this evening at the Prarthana Samaj Hall, Girgaum, at. 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) under the presidency of Mr. Jehangir B. Petit.

FATMABIBI ROGAY HOSPITAL

The total number of patients treated in the Fatmabibi Rogay Charitable Dispensary during the month of July was 9,652 of whom 3862 were males, 2886 were females and 2904 children. The average daily attendance was 311.

A CORRECTION.

Mr. M. L. Pradhan, Joint Hon. Secretary of the C. K. P. League, writes to us with reference to the article which appeared in our columns under the heading of "Character and Popular Culture" of the C. K. P. League lecture, informing that the League has no connection whatsoever with the celebration of the Widow Remarriage Act day, and that the lines inserted in the account, are written through mistake by the writer.

MUNICIPAL REFOM ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY.

As the Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation has been sitting for the consideration of the reforms to be introduced in the present constitution of the Corporation in regard to elections, by increasing the number of elected members in the Corporation and granting franchise to tenants, etc., the people who have interest in the municipal affairs, are requested to send in their suggestions and proposals to Sunderrao D. Navalkar, Hon. Secretary, 316, Princess Street, within a fortnight, in order to enable the Association to put the views of the people before the Committee and the Corporation for their favourable consideration.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA V. ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE.

Cricket Match was played at Bombay Gymkhana ground between Bombay Gymkhana and St. Xavier's College on Sunday, 5th August, 1917, and resulted in a win for the St. Xavier's College by 22 runs. Scores as under:—

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE.

J P D'Souza, c Baker, b Barker	42
F E Kapadia, c Baker, b Garnett	29
K G Purdeshi, c Baker, b Garnett	2
M F Mukadam, c Barker, b Racker	3
B K Kalapesi, c Wiegall, b Barker	30
S R Desai, c Lees, b Garnett	0
K N Sudame, not out	9
B R Engineer, c McCormack, b Racker	0
J K McDowell (capt), M C Gheewalla and M R Unwalla, did not bat.	
Extras	4
Total (for 7 wkts)	119

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE.
Bowling Analysis.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
A W Barker	11	23	4	2
K H McCormack	7	32	0	0
F Racker	10	20	4	2
F M Garnett	13	40	3	3

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

Capt L M Wiegall, c Kapadia, b Sudame.	5
E G Montgomery, c Kapadia, b Sudame	5
F M Garnett, b Sudame	40
F Racker, c Purdeshi, b Sudame	10
K H McCormack (capt), b Sudame	1
R H Cheetham, c and b Sudame	22
C D Baker, b Sudame	1
H E Lees, c Kalapesi, b Sudame	0
J E Jackson, b Kalapesi	5
P G Johnson, not out	1
A W Barker, c Kalapesi, b Sudame	5
Extras	2
Total	97

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.
Bowling Analysis.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
K N Sudame	19	46	5	3
K G Purdeshi	8	37	0	0
B K Kalepesi	10	12	5	1

CRICKET.

H. M'S. CUSTOMS V. ISLAM GYMKHANA C. C.

Played on Saturday on the Islam Gymkhana ground the game ended in a draw. Scores:—

H. M'S CUSTOMS CLUB.

S. Patel 1; B. Bhapoo 26; G. Palwankar 63; Divekar 9; Khairaz 23; Wagle 4; Khambatta 10; Ramrao 6; Wasoodeo 4; Moskowitch 19; and Billimoria (not out) 2; Extras 7. Total 170.

ISLAM GYMKHANA.

Vahliahmed 6; Syed Ibrahim (not out) 37; M. H. Visram 0; Tamboowalla (not out) 44; P. B. Erfani, Mohmud, Kazi, S. A. Razak, Parkar, Munawar, and Bustani, did not bat; Extras 5 Total (for 2 wickets) 92.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Aug. 5.

Telegraphic information is scanty but indicates widespread rain in North-west and Central India. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, United Provinces, Rajputana, and Konkan; and Local in Upper Burma, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Punjab, North-west Frontier Provinces, Central India west and west of Central Provinces. A few falls also occurred in Mysore and Malabar.

The chief amounts are:—Victoria Point, three inches; Rangoon, one; Ranchi, two; Simla, three quarters; Jaipur, two; Ajmer one and a half; Kotah and Bangalore one.

Forecast:—A diminution of rain in north-west India.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 6TH OF AUGUST, 1917.

BEFORE THE HON. THE CHIEF JUSTICE AND THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BATCHELOR

In the Division Court No. 52.

APPEALS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

4-17—1162-15—Payne and Co, Mahomedally Ahmedally v Bujanbai Saifuddin and ors, D J Mantri, Part heard.
5-17—415-16—Crawford B and Co, Pauling and Co Ltd v Abdul Latiff Shaik Hoosein, Captain and V.
60-16—179-15—Madh K and Ch, Nensukhdas Shivnarayen a firm v Bridichand Auraj a firm, Captain and V.
8-17—1107-16—Little and Co, Karsandas Premji v Parashram Pandurang Mahatre and ors, Ard H D and Co.
10-17—282-16—Mulla and M, Sultanally Tyabally v Esufalli Abdul Hoosein a firm and ors, Jehangir and S.
11-17—1226-16—Mer K and Co, Byramji Nowroji Gamadia and ors v The New Mofussil Co Ltd and ors, Payne and Co.
12-17—923-15—Payne and Co, Maneckchand Virchand Narotam v Bomanji Rustomji Parelwalla and ors, Jam R and D, Moti and D, Matu J and M.
14-17—645-15—Daphtary F and D, Gordhandas Kessowji v Champsey Dossa and ors, Payne and Co, Mer K and Co, Madh K and Ch.
15-17—413-15—Payne and Co, Ahmed Sulleman Dinath v Jamnabai Edg G W and Co.
16-17—961-16—Captain and V, Haji Noor Mahomed Haji Sheikh Mahomed and anr v Abdul Kadar Haji Esmail Gul Mahomed, Matu J and M.
17-17—1297-16—Hiralal and Co, B P Dave and Co a firm v Rajaram Tyabji and Co a firm, Bhimji and Co.
18-17—470-11—Bhai K and G, Ramvallabh Harmukhrai v Gopiram Harmukhrai and ors, Soonderdas and Co.
M J 19-17—10-16—Crawford B and Co, Frances Frederick Gordon v. Constance Eveline Gordon, Payne and Co.
M J 27-17—10-16—Crawford B and Co., Frances Frederick Gordon v. Constance Eveline Gordon, Payne and Co.
22-17—1313-16—Mulla and M, Tullockchand Mamraj a firm v Allibhai Mitha, Payne and Co.
23-17—1137-14—Mulla and M, Shapurji Rustomji Mistry v The Deccan Bank Ltd and ors, Kanga and S.
S C Ct 24-17-485/18503-16—Payne and Co, Ardesir Kaikhusroo Khambatta v Mohanlal Narayandas and anr, Malvi M R and Co.
26-17—558-03—Rustomji and G, Jamnabai widow v Fazalbhai Heptulla and ors, Nanu H and Co.
63-16—1402-14—Ardesir H D and Co, Harilal Keshowlal a firm v Keshowlal Hathibhai and anr, Edg G W and Co., Ard H D and Co.
64-16—1402-14—Ardesir H D and Co, Ranchodlal Mahasukhram a firm v Keshowlal Hathibhai and anr, Edg G W and Co, Ard F D and Co.
65-16—191-15—Ardeshir H D and Co, Harjivan Jaichand and ors v Messrs S Narayen and Co a firm, Payne and Co.
28-17—In Re Arbi Act IX of 99 and Re Suit 352-1917—Kharas and Co, M S Mehenty v The East Indian Coal Co Ltd, Little and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.

In the Division Court No. 53.

FOR DECREE UNDER ORDER 23 RULE 3 OF C. P. C.

972-16—Captain and V, Ebrahim Mahomedally v Salebhai Ebrahim and anr, Little and Co.

SUITS FOR HEARING & FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

573-15—Surajmal and Co, The Official Assignee of Bombay v Goolam Hoosein Essaji, Merwanji K and Co, Part heard.
414-16—C P D Cunha, Balaram Bhaskar and ors v Ramkrishna Harischandra and ors, Jeh and S, Malvi M R and Co.

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS TO COMR'S REPORT.

733-13—Patell and Ez, Krishnaji Anant Joshi v Sirdar Manaji Kuverji Raje Shirke and ors, Chit M & K, Ard H D and Co, Dubash and Co, Mulji and Tha, Sham M and H, Edg G W and Co.

LONG CAUSES.

233-17—Unwalla P and P, Charandas Khatao Waghji v Navivahu widow and ors, Edg B and C.
1269-16—Captain and V, Navivahu widow v Charandas Khatao, Unwalla P and P.
76-14 Ard H D and Co, Damaji Dewsey Virpar v Haji Joosub Haji Mahomed Captain and V.
1219-16—Amia and Desai, Sabrabibi v Abdulkarim Abdul Rahim Hafiz and ors, Mulla and M, Amin and Desai.
1053-16—Parmanand and Co, Lakhmidas Bhimji v Waman Shridhar Apte Daph and D
382-17—Payne and Co, Noorbhai Nathubhai Motiwalla a firm v. H. A. Mahomed, Daph F and D.
397-17 Parmanand and Co, Narmadashankar Harjivan Joshi v. Pestonji Dadabhai Padshah and anr. Hiralal & Co.,
425-17.—Purnanand & Co., Haji Maulabux Panaulla v. Ahsanally Mazherally Kanga & S.
568-16.—Little & Co., Messrs. Weld & Co., firm v. N B Samant, M B Chothia,
973-16.—Vachha & Co., Messrs Framroze Rustomji Kharas a firm v. Messrs Goculdas Doosa & Co., a firm, Mulla & Mulla.
842-15. Jam R & D, Kalkunt Venkanna v Macherla Ramanna, Ragh N & Co.
847-15.—Wadia G & Co., The Saseoon Spg. & Mg Co. Ld. v. The Secretary of State for India in Council, E F Nicholson.
1105-15.—Matu J & M, Dharamsey Jetha & Co., a firm v. Nensukhdas Shivnarayen & anr, Madh K & Ch.
1362-16—Unwalla P and P, Sardarmal Teja & Co. a firm v. Syed Gulamali Ahmed Hoosein, Dickshit D & Co.
1393-16—Mans H M and Co, Mavji Velji v Gordhandas Dossa & ors, Sme B and Co.
732-07.—Jehangir G & B, R D Sethna v Lookhmanji Esmailji & ors, Payne & Co.
130-17—Chit M and K, Vallabhdas Luxumidas Thakkar v Udhavji Luxumidas Thakkar, Surajmal and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

1136-15 Payne and Co, Khatubai v Mahomed Haji Abu and ors, Wadia G and Co, Part heard.
373-16—Wadia G and Co, Messrs Brandon and Co a firm v The Secretary of State for India in Council, E F Nicholson, Payne and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE KAJIJI.

In the Division Court No. 43.

CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL

LIST A (ATTORNEYS)

966-14—Captain and V, The Indian Specie Bank Ltd (in liquidation) v Sir Vithaldas Damodhar Thakarsey and ors, Payne and Co, 26-7-17.
1104-16—Hiralal and Co, Dossabai Hirachand v Maganlal Harjiwan, 26-7-17.
1294-14—Hiralal and Co, Dwarkadas Narayandas v Wallabhdas Kallianji and anr, 27-7-17.
721-16—Nanu H and Co, Ebrahim Haji Ahmed and ors v Haji Esmail Sale Mahomed and ors, 27-7-17.
62-08—Payne and Co, Dwarkadas Purshotam v Premchand Ruttonji and Co a firm, Notice 21-7-17.
359-17 Payne and Co, Hukhumchand Rambhagat a firm v Jaswantrai Vishwamitra a firm, Mulla and M, 14-4-17.
1394-16—Patell and Ez, Bai Banoobai and ors v Samsuddin Tajbhai and ors, Little and Co, 26-7-17.
228-17—Crawford B and Co, Forbes Forbes Campbell and Co Ltd v Ebji Oomarsey and ors, Payne and Co, 26-7-17.
732-12—Mulji and Tha, Karimbhai Peer Mahomed and anr v Pranlal Kahandas Jaripura and ors, Daph F and D, 27-7-17.
604-17—Captain and V, Anandibai v Velji Vallabhji, Unwalla P and P, 27-7-17.
609-17—Mulla and M, Fatmabai widow v Ebrahim Moledina, Captain and V, 1-9-17.
413-17—Motichand and D, Dewji Jawat and Co v Passoobhai Khimji and ors, Sham M and H, 2-8-17.

LIST B (COUNSEL.)

In Re G and Wards Act VIII of 1890—Maneklal and Co, In Re Halimabai Adbul Rahim and ors minors v Abdul Razak Abdul Rehim petitioners, Pandia and Co, Notice 14-7-17.
In Re G and Wards Act VIII of 1890—Forbes and Co, In Re Rustomji Dinshawji Vazir and ors minors v Dinbai widow petitioner, Patell and Ez, Notice 16-7-17.
In Re G and Wards Act VIII of 1890—Ard H D and Co v In Re Bena Bettiji a minor v Bagrodi Shri Krishna Lalaji Jadunnath Lalaji petitioner, Edg G W and Co, Notice 30-7-17.
181-17—Payne and Co, Hormasji Rustomji Billimoria v General Nawabzada Obeidullakhan, Edg G W and Co, 14-4-17.
168-17—Little and Co, Walter Palliser v The G I P Rly Co, Crawford B and Co, 19-6-17.
T and I J In Re Petition for S/A of the Estate and Effects of Dinshawji Nanabhoy Vazir deceased, Patell and Ez, Dinbai widow petitioner v Dossibai and anr Beneficiaries, Forbes and Co, 16-7-17.
210-15 Madh K and Ch, Laxmibai v Tokersey Devji, 19-7-17.
1123-16—Madh K and Ch, Nityanand Meghwan v Gendalal Fulchand a firm, Captain and V, 26-7-17.
243-17—Mehta D and L, Chimayya Jallooji v Jalam Jallooji and ors, Pandia and Co, 27-7-17.
69-16—Madh K and Ch, Kakamal Madhuram v Gurdatsingh Gulabsingh a firm, Hiralal and Co, 31-7-17.
27-17 and 1191-16—Hiralal and Co, Nathubai widow v Harichand Mancharam and ors, Payne and Co, Hiralal and Co, 31-7-17.
G and I J In Re Last Will and Testament of Bai Fatmabai deceased, Kanga and S, Ibrahim Dossa Promoter v Fazalbhai Jaffer Sooman and anr, executors, 2-8-17.
O S 716-17—Bhai K and Gir, Carson Hira and ors v Prangovind Shivprasad and ors, Jeh and S, 16-7-17.

FOR JUDGMENT.

O S 379-17—Jehangir and S, Ludhabhai Lukhumsey v Sir Jamsetji Jijeebhoy Bart and ors, Wadia G and Co.

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

341-17—Daph F and D, Kazimalli Mahomedalli v Esmail Karrim and anr, Mulla and M.

FOR FURTHER DIRECTIONS AND COSTS ON COMMR'S REPORT.

571-13—Ard H D and Co, Purshotam Padamsey and anr v Bhaidas Culliandas and ors, Bhai K and G.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL SHORT CAUSE.

279-17—Khambatta and Co, Appaji Hazarimal and Co a firm Aga Cassim Shah, Captain and V.

LONG CAUSE

271-17—Captain and V, Hosseinbhai Fazalbhai and anr v Fatmabai widow and ors, Shroff and D, Mulji and Tha, Part heard.

COMMERCIAL CAUSE.

1404-15—Payne and Co, The Standard Bank Ltd v Raghavji Purshotam, Edg G W and Co, Tyabji D and Co, Moti and D, Hiralal and Co, Madh K and Ch.

LONG CAUSES.

413-17—Motichand and D, Dewji Jewat and Co a firm v Passoobhai Khimji and ors, Sham M and H.
S C 533-17—Motichand and D, Keshavji Hirji v Tokersee Velji, Kharas and Co.
134-16—Cragie B and C, Markandrai Kalyanrai Mehta v Virendraria Chandraprasad Desai and anr, Bhai K and G.
174-16—Vachha and Co, Ismail Haji Allarakhia and anr v Fatma Begam, Jehangir and S.
1272-16—Payne and Co, The Central Bank of India Ltd and anr v Cawasji and Maneckji a firm, Mehta D and L.

STAMPS WANTED.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Committee of the "Asylums for Belgian Invalided Soldiers" makes an appeal in favour of this charity for obliterated stamps of any value and country.

May I ask of your courtesy to make this appeal known to the readers of your valuable paper and to inform them that I will accept gratefully stamps and forward them to Europe.

With many thanks, I am, yours, etc.,
ROBERT CHAIDEN,
Consul.

Consulat de Belgique,
Bombay, Aug. 4, 1917.

COSTLY PRISONERS.

At Lewes Tribunal two brothers named Piper, employed as builders at Lewes Prison applied for exemption on the ground that there was six months' work for them at the prison, repairing the damage recently done there by the Irish prisoners. One was given 3 and one 6 months' exemption.—The "Daily Mail."

LATE DADABHAI NAOROJI.

LADIES' MEETING TO BE HELD IN BOMBAY.

A preliminary meeting of ladies was held at the Seva Sadan, Gamdevi Road, on Wednesday the 25th July to consider what steps should be taken to express the deep sense of loss of the Bombay women, at the passing away of Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji.

It was resolved to hold a public meeting of women at an early date and an executive committee, consisting of the following ladies, was formed to make all arrangements in connection therewith:—

Lady Heaton, Lady Batchelor, Mrs. Liston, Mrs. David, Mrs. Gray, Miss Wilson, Lady Jeejeebhoy, Lady Jehangir, Lady Mehta, Miss S. M. Cursetjee, Mrs. F. S. Taleyarkhan, Mrs. P. M. Kanga, Lady Jugmohandas Varjiwandas, Mrs. L. A. Shah, Mrs. C. H. Setalwad, Mrs. Bahdurjee, Mrs. A. C. Gupta, Mrs. A. Gokhale, Lady Aghakhan, Dilshad Begum, Mrs. Faiz B. Tyabjee, Mrs. Hajee Yusuf Sobhani, Mrs. Kajiji and Mrs. M. M. Shirazee with Lady Chandavarkar, Lady Fazulbhai Currimbhai, Mrs. Millard and Mrs. J. B. Petit as Joint Hon. Secretaries.

A public meeting of the women of Bombay will accordingly be held on Monday, the 20th August, at 4-45 p.m. (S.T.) at the Empire Theatre, Fort, when H. E. Lady Willingdon, C.I., has kindly consented to preside.

THE LATE MR. A. RASUL.

DHARWAR CITIZENS' CONDOLENCE MEETING.

(From a Correspondent.)

DHARWAR, Aug. 4.

Under the auspices of the Dharwar Home Rule League, a very largely attended public meeting was held on 3rd August, 1917, in the Victoria Theatre, to do honour to the memory of the late Hon. Mr. Abdul Rasul. Mr. V. M. Herlekar was voted to the chair. Among the audience were a good many venerable Mahomedan gentlemen. The following two resolutions were passed; the first one in solemn silence, the whole assembly standing:—

1. "That this public meeting of citizens of Dharwar deeply mourns the loss by the untimely death of Barrister, Abdul Rasul, of Calcutta, who was a patriot of a very high order and who rendered signal services to his Motherland by his strong advocacy of the Home Rule movement and by his untiring efforts to unify the two great sister Indian communities, viz., the Hindus and the Mahomedans."

2. "That a copy of the above resolution be sent by the President of the meeting to the deceased's family."

Towards the close of the meeting, a number of Mahomedan gentlemen signified their desire to join the Home Rule League as a tribute to the sacred memory of the departed patriot.

NAGPUR'S CONDOLENCE.

(From a Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Aug. 4.

In a crowded public meeting convened by the Nagpur Home Rule League at the Venkatesh Theatre a condolence resolution was moved by the President, Mr. Pandit, expressing profound sorrow at the sudden and premature death of the Hon. Mr. A. Rasul in whom India has lost a staunch Congressman and Home Ruler.

COMPULSORY PRIMARY EDUCATION.

BILL BEING DRAFTED BY PUNJAB GOVERNMENT.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Aug. 5.

In accordance with the pronouncement of his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor at the last meeting of the Punjab Legislative Council, in favour of local option in the matter of compulsory primary education, the local Government is at present engaged in drafting a Bill enabling local bodies to introduce such measures. The Bill when drafted will be circulated for opinion.

TIGRA'S BANK BURSTS.

RAILWAY LINES WASHED AWAY.

(Associated Press.)

Victoria Terminus, G. I. P. Railway,
5th August, 1917.

Owing to the bursting of the bank of the Tigra lake in the Gwalior State, the railway line between the stations Rairu and Sank situated in between Gwalior and Dholapur station has been washed away in some places. Transhipment is impossible, and passengers are being diverted to other routes. The extent of the damage is not yet known, nor can it be stated at the present moment when communication will be restored.

CELEBRATION AT LAHORE.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Aug. 4.

The war anniversary to-day was celebrated in Lahore and throughout the province by many societies, sabhas, and organisations, where prayers were offered to the Almighty for the complete victory of the Allied arms. In the afternoon special prayers were offered at the Badshahi Mosque, Lahore, for British victory.

WAR ANNIVERSARY.

PARSI CELEBRATION IN BOMBAY.

A large number of Parsi ladies and gentlemen assembled in the Wadiaji Fire Temple, at Dhobi Talao, Bombay on Saturday to offer prayers for a speedy termination of the war and for the success of Britain and her Allies. Shamsul-ulma Dastur Darab Sanjana officiated at the prayers, in which the help of the Almighty was invoked for the Allied armies, so that the German armies might be rolled back from the territories occupied by them and the military power of Germany might be so crippled as to render impossible for the future a repetition of the unheard of barbarities practised by the German army.

Shamsul-ulma Dastur Sanjana, addressing the assembly, said Britain and her Allies were fighting for the cause of righteousness and justice. Our good King-Emperor had entered the war in fulfilment of the promise given by Britain for the protection of Belgium's neutrality and in fulfilment of that promise the war was being waged on sea and land at great sacrifices. The Parsis were happy under the rule of Britain and had attained a prosperity, never reached before under any other rule. The British Government appreciated the services rendered by the Parsi community at the present times. He was sure that India would be granted some if not all the rights she asked for. The Parsi community and especially the late Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji and Sir Pherozeshah Mehta had made a successful constitutional fight for the attainment of these rights. But times had now changed, and he (the speaker) was of opinion that Parsi political leaders should, now in these days of keen competition direct their energies for the betterment of their own community. He said this because there were thousands of capable Indians to work for the general good of India, while only a limited number of Parsis came forward to do the same for their own community.

CELEBRATION IN RANGOON.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Aug. 4.

On the occasion of the third anniversary of the war, intercession services and prayers were held in various churches in Rangoon to-day. Patriotic meetings were also convened at which resolutions of loyalty and determination to continue the war to a victorious end were passed. This evening a largely attended public meeting was held at the Jubilee Hall, Mr. F. O. Anderson presiding. Over a dozen speeches were made by the representatives of various communities, supporting unanimously the resolution to aid in continuing the war to a successful issue. His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor who was at Maymyo, writing to the president of the meeting expressed regret at being unable to attend, but that he would be with them in spirit. The events in Russia had postponed the issue of the war, of which there could be no doubt, no matter at what cost, we shall fight on until lasting victory was won.

CELEBRATION ELSEWHERE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 4.

At Lucknow wounded sepoys were entertained by Mr. Lala Kolicharan, banker.

Five thousand Mahomedans at Patiala attended the morning prayer at Id-garh.

In Bengal the Goddess Kali has been worshipped and prayers offered for success in the war and long life to the Empire. The Parsi and Marwari communities have also offered prayers.

CELEBRATION OF POONA PROTESTANT INDIANS.

(Associated Press.)

POONA, Aug. 4.

The Protestant Indian Christians of Poona, in a mass meeting assembled under the auspices of the Indian Christian Association beg to express their loyalty to the British Government, and earnestly pray for the speedy termination of this devastating war, and the ultimate triumph of the Allies' cause involving the tremendous issues of the political moral and material freedom of mankind at large.

INTERCESSION SERVICE AT DELHI.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Aug. 4.

A service of intercession was held this morning at St. James Church, and prayers were offered in temples for the speedy and successful terminat on of the war.

AKALKOT.

(From a Correspondent.)

AKALKOT, Aug. 4.

Ryots of all castes and creeds of Akalkot assembled in temples and mosques this morning and offered prayers to God Almighty for an early end of the great war with complete victory to the British Empire and its Allies. The Rajasaheb attended the prayers in the English School, where students sang the National Anthem and offered prayers, with three cheers to the King-Emperor and the Rajasaheb.

PRAYERS AT EAST KHANDESH.

Hindus of all castes and creeds including Government servants, pleaders of Khandesh etc. assembled on the morning of the war anniversary day in Keshavji's Temple and offered prayers for the success of the Allies. Speeches and pravachans suitable to the occasion were made.

The Mahomedans also offered prayers in their chief mosque.

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BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Monday, August 6, 1917.

THE RETURN OF THE RUSSIAN EXILES.

Before the present war the prevailing impression respecting the wonderful country of Russia, was associated with the political prisoners who had been sent for a term of years to the wild, cold regions of Siberia. Russian and English writers have strongly emphasised this baneful side of Russian life, and the tragedies of those prisons have left a deep impression on the world, especially on the people of those countries where political liberty is considered the foundation of right government. The British policy of friendship with Russia was strongly criticised, and the fact that the free British people were allied with the Russian autocracy raised doubts in the minds of many as to the rightness of fighting with such allies. It is certain that the American people, as a whole, looked with no favour on such an alliance, for they, too, had formed their impression of Russia, almost entirely from the accounts that have been made public from time to time of the horrible system of repressing the liberty of the subject resorted to by the now defunct regime of Russian autocracy. While our growing knowledge of Russia has given us a much wider view of the Russian people as a whole, and a truer account of the conditions of life in Siberia has lessened the sense of its terrors, no free country can do other than rejoice that a system which completely prevented the lawful expression of opinion, and rendered necessary a complete scheme of espionage which included every branch of the citizen's life, has been abolished.

The Revolution was the signal for the liberation of all political refugees in Russia, and the presence of these exiles may be looked upon as a strong guarantee that the future of the Russian Government will be republican. Elaborate attempts are being made to show that the return of the exiles from other countries, especially Germany and Austria, is a menace to the cause of the Allies, as they are acting as German agents in stirring up dissensions among the Russians. While it is certainly true that some of the Extremists are ready to make peace at almost any price, provided their desires for a Republic are gratified, there are signs that the majority of them are strongly in favour of a strong offensive against the Germans, while supporting active measures for the establishment of a Democratic Republic at home. The Allieis need have little fear from the return of the exiles for these men know only too well that the victory of the Central Powers would destroy for generations their hopes of a Free Russia. Whatever chances the Ramanoffs had of returning to the throne have been destroyed by the exiles who have suffered under the government which was an embodiment of the ruling house. In peace times the number of political prisoners in Russia was large, and with the steady growth of new doctrines throughout the country, all classes were affected. But with the outbreak of the war, the numbers were considerably increased, though efforts were made to keep these imprisonments secret. History hardly records such another gaol delivery, for no revolution was preceded by so sustained, general, and merciless a proscription of the adherents of liberty. When the French revolution broke out, there were comparatively few of those who were released from the Bastille, who were charged with political offences. Not only in Russia proper, but in Finland the heavy hand of the Russian Government was felt, and hundreds of Finns, including some of the leading officials, guilty only of political offences, were sent away into the prisons of Siberia where it was believed they would prove harmless. Among these exiles are men and women whose word is greatly honoured by lovers of liberty. "They are the honoured martyrs of their country who have witnessed with their blood to liberty, and they will exercise an influence over workers, soldiers, and peasants which less romantic politicians who have not suffered will hardly equal."

The American papers have published some interesting accounts of the return of these Russian political refugees, who have rushed home from the prisons in Siberia, and from other countries where they had found a refuge. At the beginning of April no less than 50,000 sledges were speeding in endless chain across the snows of Northern Asia towards the nearest points in the Trans-Siberian Railway. It was a race against time, as the roads would soon have been impassible through the spring thaw, and the exiles who failed to reach the railway within a fortnight would have had to wait six weeks or two months until river navigation began. Five days after the outbreka of the Revolution no less than six thousand exiles entered the city of Irkutsk, and the majority of these were forced to remain there as there was not sufficient rolling-stock to take them to their destinations. An American correspondent gives an interesting account of what happened when the news of the general amnesty reached Tobolsk. The blacksmiths, fearing that the prisoners would wreak their vengeance on them, fled, and local smiths were not available to break off the chains of the fettered prisoners. The sixty prisoners, awaiting release, were taken by the newly formed local Committee of Public Safety, to the palace of the dismissed Governor, where a banquet awaited them.. "Above the din of speeches and cheers for the new Republic could be heard the jangling of their shackles!" Among the returned exiles there are several outstanding characters. The name of Mme. Breshkovskaya, the "grandmother of the Revolution," is well-known, and she certainly stands out as a woman of noble character, and striking courage. There were scenes of rejoicing when she arrived at Omsk where she was received by the General commanding the district, and conducted to the municipal theatre. After long years of steady work on behalf of liberty she has seen the fulfilment of her hopes. Another character whose influence among classes has to be reckoned with, appears, to our eyes to be the evil spirit of the Revolution. We refer to M. Lenin, the famous Socialist leader who was exiled in 1906 for activities during the revolution of that year. He was one of the first to return to Petrograd. His return was looked forward to with interest by all, and with anxiety by many. His paper the "Pravada" has taken a line of opposition against the Provisional Government, and he has been tht leading spirit in the recent troubles in Petrograd. According to Reuter, he has been shown to be in close touch with the pro-Germans, and only his escape to Krondstadt, saved him from being imprisoned. Another famous leader who has now returned to his own country is Prince Kropotkin, a refugee who has found a home for many years in England. Forty years ago he was imprisoned in the Fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul but by a clever scheme succeeded in escaping to England where he has long been looked upon as the leader of the refugees. He has since suffered imprisonment. He was heartily welcomed to Petrograd on the outbreak of the Revolution, and is much looked up to as a leader. M. Tsertelli, one of the member of the second Duma, was sent to Siberia by M. Stolypin, and on his return was soon given a prominent post. With their return there is an end of the Siberian prisons, and the prospect of a more sane method of government.

THE INDIAN BUREAUCRACY.

Can it be retributive justice, the modern replica of the Até of Hellenic mythology, that the Indian bureaucracy is coming to its deserts in a way which a few short months ago was undreamt of? We quoted a couple of days ago the opinions of the "Globe" and the "Manchester Guardian," on that close corporation of place and power. To-day we may add the following pungent observations from that independent financial journal, the "Investors' Review," which, in its issue of June 30, says:

"It was natural that Mr. Asquith should trust India and rely upon the officials thrust forward there to positions of responsibility. What Ministry could have done otherwise we should like to know? India, official India, failed to rise to the measure of efficiency demanded and expected of it, and its failure illustrates once more, in a too lurid fashion, alas! the essential inefficiency always displayed by and to be expected from a bureaucracy responsible to nobody. Having no master, the uncontrolled functionary almost invariably becomes in the lump a bad servant. We know here what it is to leave everything to the "constituted authorities," although here there is, through questions in the House of Commons principally, a certain amount of check upon the vagaries of the covenanted functionary. That does not help us much or carry us far; but in India it is nobody's business to make sure that any man is qualified for the post to which he is assigned, that any official highly placed has capacity for doing his duty, or that any man in a position to direct a policy is capable of framing one or of understanding a policy when provided for him. We should say that the whole responsibility for the Mesopotamia disaster, with its cruel neglect of the men, the inadequacy of its sanitary staff, the absence of medicines, of means of transport for the wounded, of almost all the requisites called for by an active campaign, lies wholly upon the heads of the Indian bureaucracy. It is time it were given a master."

The master has been there, since the great trading company of the seventeenth century became, by the evolution of a variety of circumstances, the territorial sovereign of a large part of India; till its grave sins of omission and commission brought down just retribution. The master, that is, the British Parliament, all through that eventful century was exceedingly vigilant, and took care every 20 years to appoint an impartial inquisition to investigate its conduct and action before renewing its charter. After the Crown became the direct master of India, for a time Parliament jealously eyed the doings of its servants. But the India Act of 1861 did not include the proviso for the inquisition which Parliament had so successfully and effectually instituted for nearly a hundred years. Most of the troubles to which Indians have been subjected and all the disabilities artificially imposed on them have their root in that serious omission. The want of the periodical investigation into the conduct and action of the bureaucracy has emboldened these monopolists of place and power. Simultaneously the work of the House of Commons, with the new Democracy ushered there by the Reform Bill of 1866, began to increase and multiply. Parliament became less and less vigilant and the servants of the Crown in India more and more irresponsible. It is small wonder the Secretary of State became as great an autocrat as the Tsar of all the Russias. In the abstract, of course, he was the Minister responsible to Parliament for the affairs of India. But though Providence had relegated that watch and ward over Indian affairs to Parliament, that august assembly relegated them back to providence for the reason just stated. That providence was, in the first instance, the autocrat at Whitehall and the bureaucracy in India, in the second instance, as represented by that entity which we all know as the Government of India. India was hardly talked of in the House of Commons. John Bright acted as a parent to the Indian people. But the late Professor Fawcett made India his special study. Always accurate as to his facts, always logical, always alert to drag from its obscure corner into broad daylight the many sins of the bureaucracy by the searchlight of his own incisive criticism, Parliament was satisfied. It allowed him alone to ventilate Indian affairs in the forcible and effective way he did, till at last he came to be recognised as the "Member for India." To India's great regret that valiant champion died in 1885. But his place did not long remain vacant. Mr. Bradlaugh took the place of Mr. Fawcett and was soon recognised as the Member for India. But his membership also came to an end with his own untimely end in 1891. Since then there has been no champion of the Indian people in the House of Commons. The House has become more and more absorbed in its own domestic affairs. Even on an Indian budget day there is hardly a quorum. Indeed, only because of no one drawing the attention of the Speaker to the want of a quorum, a kind of debate used to take place till during the reactionary regime of Lord George Hamilton, it drifted into complete nothingness. Thus the more Parliament and the responsible minister grew listless towards Indian affairs, with no person of the grip and ability of a Bright or Fawcett or Bradlaugh to call attention to Indian grievances, the servants of the Crown in Indian became masters. Then came that hypocritical shibboleth of trusting "the man on the spot." They grew and grew in the insolence of their office and monopolised more and more power. Amurath succeeded Amurath only to make the Civil Service a closer and closer corporation of monopolists than it ever was during the sovereignty of the East India Company. "Honest" John Morley came—a strong man of great principles and democratic tendencies. His lustrum inspired hopes. But his reforms, however welcome, were halting. And even those were whittled down under those insidious "Rules and Regulations" of a legislative enactment which are supposed to be equivalent in force to the enactment itself. Lord Morley's quinquennium was a "beam in darkness." The beam might have grown to full light to the joy of Indians. But the beam itself disappeared. And we have since nothing but chaos and reaction. But it would seem from the criticisms of the whole British Press that the British Democracy has now fully awakened to the situation. It has seen how the Indian bureaucracy is carrying on the administration and is now slowly realising the true significance of the burning agitation now going forward. Thus the war, which had been such an eye-opener in many respects, has also been an eye-opener in the matter of the Indian administration. The scales have fallen from the eyes of the British Democracy, which is now seeing things with a clear gaze. Retributive justice, though slow, is sure. It is impartially weighing the sins of the Indian bureaucracy in its just scales, and the time is not far distant when she may mete out the penalty it has so long deserved. The Democracy has realised that shrewd saying of Edmund Burke that little minds cannot go together with a great Empire. War is the great maker of revolutions, the great challenger of Governments. In the case of the Government of India the Mesopotamian affair has been its greatest nemesis. Let us await with patience the denoument. Meanwhile, it is sad to reflect the powerful sway of the little minds, so disastrous to the healthy and orderly progress of the Indian people.

Notes of the Day.

Mrs. Besant's Health.

Mr. C. Jinarajadasa writes:—"I have just returned from a week's stay at Ootacamund, during which time I saw Mrs. Besant and Mr. Wadia and Mr. Arundale for some time each day. I was appalled at Mrs. Besant's appearance, so great was the change in her health. We can understand the terrible nervous shock which an intensely active person will suffer by having all activities suddenly stopped; it is as if a powerful engine working at high pressure were suddenly to be pulled to pieces. Mrs. Besant sleeps very little, and just before I saw her had had but little to eat for several days. Added to all this are the petty persecutions with which she and her two colleagues are surrounded. All these have reacted on her health, and I, who have known her for the last twenty-two years, have never seen her so acutely suffering. The one comfort she feels in the repression to which she is subject is the knowledge that the national work for which she suffers is being steadily pressed to its legitimate climax."

New-Old Home Rulers.

The Lucknow "Advocate" says, on the authority of Mr. R. M. Gulam Husain, Editor of the "New Era", that Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali have joined the Home Rule League that has lately been founded at Chindwara, where they are interned. The announcement will give universal satisfaction to Home Rulers. Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali, it need hardly be said, are no new recruits to the Home Rule cause, but we like to think that their formal enrolment is the precursor of their renewed participation in national work as free citizens of the British Empire. The recent joint conference of the All-India Congress Committee and the Council of the Moslem League held in Bombay has again urged upon the Government the desirability of losing no further time in restoring to liberty these two intensely popular and respected Mussalman leaders who, as the resolution puts it, "have been long kept under confinement under the Defence of India Act arbitrarily without any charges being formulated or proved against them."

A Good Beginning.

Speaking with some knowledge of Moslem feeling throughout the country, we can assure the Government that nothing would be more calculated to rally the Mahomedans, and indeed restore the confidence of the country as a whole, than the release of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali. There is need here for a little of that imagination which is indispensable to statesmanship. A reversal of recent reactionary policy could not be better heralded than by the release of these two distinguished Moslems together with that of Mrs. Besant and her colleagues. That would pave the way for that true harmony and co-operation between the British and the Indians which all well-wishers of the Empire look forward to on the close of the war, and restore the right atmosphere for India's peaceful progress.

A Ministry of Commerce.

It will be of interest to note that the Commerce Committee of the members of the House of Commons at their meeting on June 8, approved of a scheme for forming a Ministry of Commerce recommended by a sub-committee of the group. It is proposed, says an English contemporary, to take over from the Board of Trade the commercial department, companies and bankruptcy department, and patents, designs, and trade marks department. The report recommends that the new committee should be assisted by an advisory committee representing various trades. The Committee suggested further that a conference should be held with the Foreign Office to discuss the possibility of a new Ministry of Commerce getting control over the Consular Service as far as it is concerned with trade questions. The model which they recommend is that of the United States Bureau for Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Details of the organisation and work of this Bureau have been before the Committee, and the Committee is anxious that something of the kind should be established here. It is not necessary to describe the work of the American Bureau, but it may be said in brief that it is on much the same lines as the British commercial intelligence department of the Board of Trade, only that it is on a larger scale and more elaborate. In other words, it is a department for getting news of trade opportunities abroad and bringing them to the knowledge of the right people at home.

A Police Grievance.

Instructive light is thrown on the psychology of those in authority in the Police Department of this country by the criticism of the work of the courts and the consideration of police evidence in cases brought before these courts, which the Inspector-General of Police, Central Provinces, has thought fit to incorporate in his latest report. We would pass by his remarks that certain "erratic" judgments of the courts have evoked considerable criticism from Commissioners and district officials. As an example of these "erratic" judgments, the Inspector-General refers to a case of false complaint against a policeman in which the magistrate inflicted a light sentence on the ground—and there is no error of judgment in this—that a heavier sentence might deter people from making true complaints. The Inspector-General then proceeds to make a grievance of the fact that the standard of evidence demanded by courts is steadily rising and adds that though he has no complaint to make against a high standard, he considers there is a tendency to attach too much weight to considerations which have little or but a remote connection with the merits of the evidence itself. And he cites the case of a person who when accused of murder was let off as the witnesses had allowed some days to elapse before they came forward and told the investigating officer what they knew,—with the remarks:

"I do not know whether the court's idea of an investigation is a crowd of witnesses eagerly awaiting the arrival on the scene of crime of a police officer to whom they are agog to pour out all the information of which they may be possessed; but this is not what happens in real life, and mere delay in offering their testimony does not seem to me a safe reason for condemning witnesses as unreliable."

Apparently, if this Inspector-General's ideas are to be accepted, there is no need of courts of justices. All that would be required is that high police officials like him should be empowered to hold summary trials of persons formally charged with any offence which the subordinate police officers may attribute to them!

FRENCH ADVANCE BEYOND KORTEKEER CABARET.

THE KING'S MESSAGE TO LORD MAYOR.

PREMIER'S SPEECH AT QUEEN'S HALL.

FRENCH OFFENSIVE

ADVANCE BEYOND KORTEKEER CABARET

ENEMY ATTACKS FAIL IN AVECOURT WOOD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 4.
Recd. 7 a.m., Aug. 5.

This afternoon's French communiqué says:—Despite bad weather in Belgium, we progressed beyond Kortekeer Cabaret and reconnoitred the farms beyond our front. We reached and repulsed enemy patrols.

There was reciprocal artillery activity on both the banks of the Meuse. Two enemy attempts in the region of the Avocourt Wood failed.

POSITIONS EAST OF MONCHY-LE-PREUX RE-ESTABLISHED.

FURTHER PROGRESS EAST OF KORTEKEER CABARET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 4.
Recd. 7 a.m., Aug. 5.

This afternoons communique from Field-Marshal Haig says:—We have recaptured the remaining trench which the enemy forced on Thursday night east of Monchy-le Pneux, and our positions here have been completely re-stasliished. The Allies made further progress east of Kortekeer Cabaret. There was heavy rain at night.

FURTHER SUCCESS NORTH OF ST. JULIEN.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY IN MESSINES AND NIEUPORT SECTOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 4.
Recd. 1 p.m., Aug. 5.

Field-Marshal Haig to-night says:—The weather has been wet and stormy. We gained further ground north-west of St. Julien. There has been considerable hostile artillery firing east of Messines and in the Nieuport sector.

VICEROY'S WAR NEWS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Aug. 4.

The following telegram has been received by the Viceroy from the Secretary of State dated 3rd August:—

The British consolidated their positions, and resisted several very heavy counter-attacks. 5,000 prisoners have been captured and 13 German divisions opposed to the British have been very severely shaken by long artillery bombardment which greatly outweighed the German artillery.

Air activity has been difficult owing to the weather, but British aeroplanes flying only a fewfeet from the ground attacked troops on the march, aerodromes, railways and officers in motor cars.

There has been artillery activity on the French front and the French repulsed German attack in the Verdun region.

RUSSIAN SITUATION.

The Austrians have shown considerable minor activity on the Italian front, but there is no change in the situation. The Russian retreat continues, but reserves are now reported to be arriving. The enemy have appeared before Kinpolung south of Bukovina, where the Russians are making a stubborn resistance. The enemy is also advancing north of Czernowowtoz towards Khotinand pressing forward to the Russian frontier.

ARMY CLOTHING THEFT CASE.

ACCUSED RE-ARRESTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Aug. 4.

The Deputy Commissioner of Police who has been busy investigating, re-arrested Mr. Smith of Messrs. Smith and Son, on Thursday evening, and lodged him in the penitentiary under remand, the bail sureties being withdrawn. The value of the property so far recovered is estimated at about Rs. 700, and the army clothing factory authorities are busy taking stock and estimating the value of property missing.

LIBERATED BY HIGH COURT ON FURNISHING SECURITIES.

LATER.

An application was made at the High Court by Mr. Nugent Grant for the release of Mr. Smith on bail and the Hon. Mr. Justice Abdur Rahim directed the release of the accused on his executing a bond for Rs. 1,000 and furnishing two sureties in a like sum each. The bail having been furnished, Mr. Smith has been liberated.

On Saturday, the anniversary of the War, there were special prayers in the Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul, Burrow's Lane for the success of the Allied arms. There were also prayers at meetings held by Chandrasinya Kayastha Prabhu League, the Hindus at the Shri Ram Temple, Thakurdwar and the Pathare Prabhu Community at Zaoba's Shri Ram Mandir. Intercession was also observed at St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum.

KING'S MESSAGE TO LORD MAYOR.

FIRM RESOLVE OF NATION.

BONDS OF UNITY MORE CLOSELY WELDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 4.
Recd. 7 a.m., Aug. 5.

King George V. has sent the following message to the Lord Mayor:—

Three years of war with all they have meant to every home in the British Empire have welded more closely than ever the bonds of unity which steel the hearts of the whole nation in a firm resolve to secure the sacred principles of justice, freedom and humanity. For these we fight and by God's help, we mean to triumph.

NO PEACE ON SECTIONAL INTEREST.

ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING IN MELBOURNE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
MELBOURNE, Aug. 5.
Recd. 1 p.m., Aug. 5.

A large meeting of citizens carried enthusiastically a motion recording the inflexible determination to continue the great struggle for liberty and righteousness, until decisive victory is achieved and the military despotism of Germany destroyed.

Mr. Hughes paid a tribute to Belgium and France, and to the British Army, Navy and Mercantile Marine, and added:—"We must set our faces against Stockholm and those speaking peace under any guise for the sake of sectional interests."

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S MESSAGE TO RUSSSIAN PREMIER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 4.
Recd. 1 p.m., Aug. 5.

The Press Bureau says that Mr. Lloyd George has telegraphed to the Russian Prime Minister:—"I assure you of the resolution of the British people to continue the war until the liberties of Europe have been made secure. I am confident that free Russia will surmount the difficulties confronting her, so that in association with her Allies, she may secure for her children peace, safeguarding liberty and democracy in her own country and throughout the world."

SUBMARINE SINKINGS.

33 NORWEGIAN SHIPS SUNK IN JULY

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 4.
Recd. 7 a.m., Aug. 5.

Thirty-three Norwegian ships of 58,241 total tonnage were sunk in July.

ANGLO-AMERICAN CONTROL OF SHIPPING.

U. S. MERCHANTMEN TO BE COMMANDEERED BY SHIPPING BOARD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
NEW YORK, Aug. 4
Recd. 7 a.m., Aug. 5.

The Shipping Board has arranged to commandeer all the merchantmen with a view to operating the Anglo-American agreement for the joint control of shipping and freights. The ships will be operated under Government charter, thereby saving the expense of taking over the hulls. The chief aim is to get more ships into the trans-Atlantic service, to which many coasters and Pacific and South American traders will be diverted, being replaced by neutral and Japanese ships.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

2353 APPLICATIONS UP TO JULY 31ST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Aug. 4.

The number of Indians who applied for enrolment in the Indian Defence Force up to 31st July was 2,353 for the whole of India.

Bagshi Sher Singh, son of the Hon. Rai Bahadur Bakshi Sohan Lal has joined the defence force.

PREMIER'S SPEECH AT QUEEN'S HALL.

KAISER TO BE CURED OF HIS STUTTER.

PROTECTION OF SMALL NATIONS.

WAR BETTER THAN BAD PEACE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 4.
Recd. 7-15 p.m., Aug. 5.

Mr. Lloyd George addressed a great meeting at Queen's Hall to-day to express inflexible determination to continue the struggle for liberty and justice to victory. Lord Crewe presided. There was a crowded audience including Baron Sonnino, Serbian Premier, members of Cabinet, many members of Parliament, overseas soldiers and Allied residents.

Speeches were first made by Lord Crewe and Baron Sonnino.

The former emphasised that Great Britain's war aims, namely reparation and security, were unchanged. (Cheers.) Lord Crewe also read General Botha's message:—At the close of the third year of this terrible world war, I can only reiterate what I said last year. Let us press on to complete victory.

Baron Sonnino emphasised that Britain and Italy would be united until just and honourable peace had been secured.

KAISER MUST FIRST LEARN THE WORD, REPARATION.

Mr. Lloyd George who received a great ovation on rising first paid a tribute to Italy's war efforts. He proceeded to say that we were fighting to defeat the most dangerous conspiracy ever plotted against the liberties of nations. We had striven for three years for that, not unsuccessfully. (Cheers.) We had checked the ambitions of Germany. The Kaiser knew that it was not true that the Germans were fighting to protect the German soil. Even now neither the Kaiser nor Michaelis said that they would be satisfied with German soil. They talked glibly of peace, but stammered when it came to the word, restoration. Before we would enter the peace conference they would have to learn to utter that word to begin with. (Cheers.)

KAISER TO BE CURED OF HIS STUTTER.

Our gallant fellows were gradually going to cure the Kaiser of his stutter. Restoration was the first letter. Then we would talk. (Loud and prolonged cheers). War was a ghastly business, but it was not so grim as bad peace. There was an end to the most horrible war, but bad peace went on and on staggering from one war to another. Prussian war lords had not yet abandoned their ambitions. There must be no next time. Let us have done with it. Don't let us repeat this horror. (Cheers.) Let us make victory so that national liberty whether for small or great nations can never be challenged.

PROTECTION OF SMALL NATIONS.

A small nation must be as well protected as a big nation.

On all roads there were ups and downs and doubtless the Russian collapse was rather a deep glen we were passing through and he was not sure that we had reached its darkest level, but across valleys he could see ascent. (Loud cheers.).

Mr. Lloyd George continued that we could not allow sectional organisation to war and sacrifices were pretty evenly divided amongst all classes and the nation as a whole must make peace. (Cheers.).

They would have seen that the Germans had said that they were satisfied with the result of the last battle. All he could say was that Field-Marshal Haig had secured all his objectives in that great battle. We had enough guns to smash the lines on which the Germans for three years had expended willing and forced labour, and if the Germans were pleased with that battle, so were we. Let this continue thus to our mutual satisfaction.

PLEA FOR UNITY.

Mr. Lloyd George concluded by making a plea to the nation for unity and asked people to keep their eyes steadily on winning the war. "Beware of becoming cross-eyed. Keep both eyes on victory. That is the way we will win. The nation that turns its back and falters before it reaches its purpose can never become a great people. There is no knowing how near the top of the mountain we may be. Russia is still on the ropes and will, in due time, come up again climbing strong in her purpose and together we shall reach the summit of our hopes." (Loud cheers.).

THE ANGLO-FRENCH ADVANCE.

GERMAN PRISONERS IN FLANDERS.

CONSIDERATION OF CESSION OF ALSACE-LORRAINE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, Aug. 4.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" special correspondent cables:—

Reuter's correspondent in Flanders states that most of the German prisoners were famished, our bombardment having cut off supplies and they were surprised to find that a nation which they supposed to be starving owing to the submarine campaign, had abundance of food for prisoners

FIRING SPREADS TO LENS.

LAHORE, Aug. 4.
(Delayed in transmission.)

The correspondent in Flanders of "Le Journal" says, that the firing has spread to Lens and the cannonade has wiped out the last mining village on the Souchez river. The main purpose of the battle is to kill the Boches and not to acquire territory, and it will continue for weeks, and end in finally crushing German military force. A wireless message from Rome states:—It is reported from Berlin that owing to events in the west the Kaiser, Marshall Von Hindenburg, and General Ludeorff have returned from Galicia.

SOUND CONDITION OF BULGARIAN ARMY.

LAHORE, Aug. 4.
(Delayed in transmission.)

The "Daily Telegraph's" correspondent at Athens states that the members of the Greek legation have arrived from Sofia. A military attache stated that the pro-Russian sentiment of the Bulgarian officers had been practically eliminated. The army was not tired of the war, and its moral was good.

REICHSTAG TO CONSIDER CESSION OF ALSACE-LORRAINE.

LAHORE, Aug. 4.
(Delayed in transmission.)

An ex-Deputy in an article in "Taeglische Rundschau" states that a high military authority recently told the writer that he would not be surprised should the Reichstag shortly discuss the cession of Alsace-Lorraine.

CONDUCT OF COTTON TRADE.

SCHEME TO BE SUBMITTED TO BOARD OF TRADE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 4.
Recd. 7-15 p.m., Aug. 5.

It is announced that the Cotton Control Board Employers and Operatives have agreed to a scheme for the future conduct of cotton trade which will be submitted to the Board of Trade on August 9th.

A MURDER CASE IN ALLAHABAD.

THREE ACQUITTED ON APPEAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Aug. 4.

At the Allahabad High Court, Justices Tudball and Rafique disposed of to-day the murder appeal, in which four persons had been sentenced to death by the Sessions Judge of Allahabad. The accused were alleged to have murdered Ram Prasad Mahajan of Qai Ki Mundi, one of the most thickly populated localities in Allahabad, the motivo being trade rivalry. Two others were attacked at the same time, but the injuries did not prove fatal. The weapon used was a huge sledge hammer. It appears that at the identical place two persons were murdeed in 1911, and six persons in 1913. One of the accused, Anandi Singh made a confession implicating himself and others. Their Lordships confirmed the sentence of death on Anandi Singh, but acquitted the three others.

SOUTH WAZIRISTAN FIELD FORCE.

ATTITUDE OF THE MASHUDS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Aug. 4.

The South Waziristan field force is still in camp in the Shahur valley. The health of the troops continues good. The attitude of the Mahsuds is on the whole very satisfactory, the tribal Jirga taking vigorous steps to recover the rifles demanded.

PREPONDERANCE OF ALLIES' AIRCRAFT.

ENEMY TO HUSBAND AEROPLANES:

GERMAN COUNCIL OF WAR'S DECISION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, Aug. 4.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" special correspondent cables:—

The "Agenzia Liberal's" correspondent at Berne states, that a recent German council of war, in view of the prospect of the large preponderance of the Allies' aircraft decided to husband aeroplanes, and avoid useless raids.

CAMPAIGN IN SYRIA.

TURKISH FORCES CONCENTRATED AT NALEP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 3.
Recd. 1 a.m., Aug. 6.

Following the reports that Falkenhayn has visited the Turkish front at Gaza, it is stated from Athens that Turkish military authorities are at present giving close attention to the campaign in Syria and that they have concentrated the forces at Nalep for use either in Mesopotamia or at Gaza according to the development of operations.

GENERAL GOURKO ARRESTED

GENERAL ERDELY TREACHEROUSLY KILLED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Aug. 4.
Recd. 1 a.m., Aug. 6.

General Gourko formerly Commander on the Western Front has been arrested.

General Erdely, Commander of the Eleventh Army, has been killed, having been treacherously shot in the back.

Official and Personal.

Mr. Findlay Shirras, Director of Statistics, is on a visit to Lahore.

Diwan Bahadur C. Krishnan, Barrister-at-Law, Chief Judge, Madras Small Causes Court, acts as Additional Judge of the High Court, Madras.

Their Excellencies attended the Children's performance held at the Exhibition and Garden Fete at the Gymkhana Club on Friday afternoon.

Raja S. N. Chakravarti of Hitanpur has granted a concession to twelve Bighas of land to any tenant who joins the army.

Khan Bahadur Dewan Fuzl Rabbi of Murshidabad, aged 69, author of "Origin of Mussulmans of Bengal" is dead.

Intimation has been received at Simla that the Maharaja of Bikaneer has been promoted to the Honorary rank of Major-General, the Maharaja of Kishengarh to be Lieut.-Colonel, and the Maharaja of Jodhpur to be Major.

NEW ASPECT OF THE NEBULAR HYPOTHESIS.

At a meeting of the British Astronomical Association held at Sion House on June 27, a lucid account was given by Mr. Jeans of work done by him of an abstruse mathematical character upon the problem left by Laplace apparently as a challenge to the mathematicians of the world, and commonly known as the "Nebular Hypothesis." Mr. Jeans showed how this hypothesis, put forward as a possible explanation of the formation of the solar system from a nebula rotating with increasing velocity, was treated by successive investigators, on the assumption that the mass was incompressible, the resulting forms developing from spheroidal to ellipsoidal, hence to pear-shaped figures, possibly breaking up into two portions, and then went on to his own work, on the more probable assumption that the mass was not incompressible. He thus finds the spheroidal form become lens-shaped, and the ellipsoidal a torpedo figure with pointed ends. The ultimate form will depend on the homogeneity of the mass, but Mr. Jeans holds that it is possible for a rotating nebular mass to throw off smaller masses from its equator, that some of these may go through the evolution suggested by Professor Norris Russell, from giant stars with increasing temperature, to dwarf stars of great density, and from these to the pear-shaped form, which may break up into a binary star system, a member of which may again break up under certain conditions

DOMINIONS AND HOME RULE.

"MINDING THEIR OWN BUSINESS."

SIR GEORGE REID ON IRISH SITUATION.

Sir George Reid, M.P., lecturing on "The Influence of the New World upon the Old World's Parliaments" at University College on June 21, said there were now within the Empire, beside the British Parliament, no fewer than twenty-three Parliaments exercising legislative powers within their own jurisdiction. It was little short of wonderful that all these legislative bodies should be able to make free use of their powers without coming into collision. The explanation was that each and all of them had acquired the English knack of minding their own business. Never once in his recollection had the Imperial Parliament interfered with its Imperial offspring in the management of their own affairs. but he was not quite sure that some of the offspring had not broken that golden rule upon the question of Home Rule for Ireland. It appeared to him that some Colonial statesmen did not always give full weight to the difference between Ireland and their own Dominions. If Ireland were an island beneath the Southern Cross she could have a Colonial Constitution for the asking—(hear, hear)—and if she desired to do so, could leave the British Empire at any moment with a cordial paternal blessing. (Laughter and cheers.). The difference between the great Colonial nations in the distant seas and Ireland was that the latter was essentially a part of that narrow base upon which the whole of our vast Empire—with its fifth of the world's space and fifth of the world's population—rested. Any weakening of that base would be fatal. (Cheers). Great Britain and Ireland were so closely related to each other geographically that they could not live apart without bringing the whole Imperial family to grief. (Hear, hear.). Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Asquith were both emphatic on this point in their Home Rule proposals—that if their legislation would weaken the integrity of the Empire it would knock the bottom out of the whole affair. (Hear, hear). Mr. Redmond and his supporters, in his (Sir George Reid's) judgment, were entitled to the gratitude of the whole of our race in this country and in the Dominions for the high Constitutional level upon which they had placed the Home Rule movement. (Hear, hear.). The outstanding peril was the separation movement promoted by the Sinn Feiners. (Cheers). But neither Britain nor the Dominions would have separation at any price. Any movement which threatened the integrity of this Empire here or anywhere else would be resisted by the whole of the Dominions. (Hear, hear.). It was true that Ireland had not got her own Parliament, but neither had England nor Scotland nor Wales. (Laughter and cheers.). On the other hand, Ireland had double her share of representation—elector for elector—in the greatest Parliament in the world. (Hear, hear.). To talk of Ireland as if she resembled one of the oppressed nationalities under the heel of Germany or Austria was a gross abuse of the English language. (Cheers.).

NECESSARY CONSTITUTIONAL CHANGES.

Mr. Walter Long (Secretary of State for the Colonies), who presided, in conveying a vote of thanks to the lecturer, said the presence of Sir George Reid and other representatives of the Dominions reminded us, if it were necessary to be reminded at all, that when the time came to make peace we must not, and dare not, forget that there were other parts of the Empire, outside the United Kingdom, which would be gravely affected by the conditions arrived at. (Cheers). Referring to the woman suffrage question which had been "discussed and decided" in the House of Commons that week, Mr. Long said there were some people who argued that that was a question which should not be dealt within time of war. (Hear, hear.). To those people he would put the position as it presented itself to him. If there was one lesson more insistent than another it was that by steady and progressive change we had retained all that was best and most serviceable in our Constitution, and that as a consequence it had given us a degree of security enjoyed in hardly any other country in the world. But the times were critical. He believed that it was necessary to make it clear that there was no room for class prejudice, that the Senate was open to all who cared to enter it, that the people—whether they came from the field or the factory or the workshop—had the right to settle their own fate and future. He believed, as an old Tory, that it was only by realising these facts and gradually and steadily making the necessary changes to correspond with the facts, that we could make and keep our State the most free and liberty-loving State in the world. (Cheers.).—The "Morning Post."

CABLE SERVICE AND THE WAR.

EASTERN TELEGRAPH RECORD.

The poetry of the deep sea cables has already been celebrated by Mr. Rudyard Kipling, and now the story of advanture and peril provided by the record of the maintenance and service of the cables during the war is made available by "J. U. B." in "The Zodiac," published from Electra House, the headquarters of the Eastern Telegraph Company. "Very little," says the editor, "is popularly known of the submarine cables or of the men who work them," but one ventures to think that those who are fortunate enough to get to know the cable-men through J.U.B.'s "The Cable Service and the War" will have had the best possible introduction to them.. It is a leasure to give extracts which show a loyalty, devotion to duty, and courage on the part of the staff which are worthy of the widest recognition.

FANNING ISLAND AND BEFORE.

First in order of time, and also because of its intensity and duration, is the experience of the Staff at Swakopmund, "a pretentious town incongruously situated on the edge of an unqualified desert," and the only station of the company in German territory. When war broke out the staff were arrested and imprisoned in Windhuk gaol for two months, each being confined in a small cell and all being treated as criminals. Later they were removed to an internment camp fifty miles north, and after a few weeks were made to trek on foot another 120 miles further north. Here they were released by General Botha after nearly eleven months. They were treated throughout that time with the orthodox German "severity" but derived some satisfaction from release by a victorious Army from South Africa. The station instruments were destroyed with a very German thoroughness.

The first, and only considerable raid on the lines of communication commenced at Fanning Island on the morning of September 7, 1914. At 4-30 two vessels flying the French flags were sighted from the north end of that remote coral island by members of the Cable Staff on the look-out. A landing party of about forty armed men with a machine-gun, which put off in great haste in boats, disclosed the fact that the vessels were the German cruiser Nuernberg and an attendant collier. The purpose of the Nuernberg was the destruction of the Cable Station, the most vital, and at the same time the most exposed link in the long cable across the Pacific. Her landing party achieved this with a ruthless completeness. They smashed all the more delicate instruments with axes, and blew up with dynamite the engine, boiler, and dynamo rooms, the refrigerating plant, and the shore end of the cable. Meanwhile the collier, which had a complete grappling outfit, grappled for and cut the cable about 600 yards out. Unfortunately, in the course of the landing party's depredations, private papers were discovered which disclosed the situation of buried spare instruments, and these also were sought for and destroyed. All this accomplished, the Nuernberg steamed off with her collier. She was sunk off the Falkland Islands by the Kent during the engagement fought by Admiral Sturdee.. The resources of a coral island in the Pacific are naturally slight, and the Germans had thought to clinch the matter by towing the severed ends of the cable far apart. But Mr. Hugh Greig, a member of the Fanning staff, although entirely lacking experience, undertook the temporary repair of the Fanning-Suva cable. As there was no grapnel he used an ordinary pickaxe. By this means and also by diving and working under the sea to secure the cable ends with ropes, he managed to raise them to the surface. But they were still far apart, there was no possibility of bringing them together, and no spare cable was available to fill the gap. Here was an impasse not easily surmounted outside the pages of fiction. But Mr. Greig improvised rafts made with planks and ordinary barrels, and with the cable ends securely fastened to these, made a connection between them with ordinary covered wire.. And it was across these rafts that Fanning spoke again to Suva, transmitting the urgently awaited information of her requirements for complete repair.

"EMDEN'S" LAST ADVENTURE.

In the bombardment of Madras two of the Emden's shells burst just outside the station, over the railway. One fragment came over the verandah, through a door, and passed over the Censor's table, but communication over the Northern Indian Ocean was left still open. At Cocos the Emden was sighted at the entrance of the lagoon on Monday, November 9, 1914. The landing party placed the staff under guard, and proceeded to the destruction of Cocos as a cable station. The office was wrecked thoroughly, and the wireless mast was blasted with dynamite. They were content, however, probably owing to haste, to hack through two of the three cables. And of the two that they hacked through, fortunately enough, one was a dummy. The Emden was taken in by a ruse of her own. Evidentl the cablemen at Cocos thought that if a corsair might have a dummy funnel a cable station might just as well have a dummy cable. So they had a short length of spare deep sea cable, with one end fixed up ashore and the other laid out a little way to sea, and it lay there with a sort of foolish dignity until the Huns found it and laid ruthless hands upon it. And as it was naturally slack, and easier than the others to haul in, they cut it in quite a number of places. Then the party was recalled by the ship, and it turned out that the Emden had been once and finally outplayed, for Cocos had sent out her call unceasingly from the moment she was sighted, until the Germans ordered the operators away from the instruments, and the Sydney had come in response. What happened then is well remembered. The station resumed working within twenty-four hours. The ex-cable ship Duplex in the Naval Service, played an honourable part in the destruction of the Koenigsberg. St. Vincent, expecting the smashing up of her station, received instead Admiral Sturdee's squadron with the prisoners from the German Pacific Fleet.

GALLIPOLI AND DUALA.

We were not mere spectators of the golden haze of glory that hung about Gallipoli, says "J. U. B." Two cable ships played their useful auxiliary part laying and repairing cables from the island bases to the peninsula, often under very heavy fire. The Levant II. was "mentioned in despatches." and her officer commanding was decorated. The naval attack up the Cameroon River preparatory to a landing, with Duala as its objective, was a very sporting affair, and the part of the cable ship Transmitter in it was to maintain telegraphic communication over the old disused cable to Bonny. When Duala fell and the Germans blew up the wireless installation before leaving the Transmitter repaired the cable up to the town, and ran a new shore-end in, so that a week after its occupation Duala had direct cable communication with Bonny. Apart from this we have laid strategic cables in many parts of the world, sometimes in an atmosphere of high adventure, and always to serve the urgent purposes of war.—The "Morning Post."

DISCLOSURES BY GEN. GEDDES.

FRAUDS AND 1,000,000 ERRORS.

Brigadier-General A. Campbell Geddes, Director-General of Recruiting, was the first witness on July 2, before the Committee appointed to inquire into re-examinations, says the "Daily News and Leader." It sits at the House of Commons, and Mr. Shortt, K.C., M.P., is chairman.

In August 1914, the machinery broke down owing to the strain imposed upon it, said General Geddes. In one month they received into the Army ten times the number of men for which the recruiting machinery had been designed—in round figures, 500,000.

In the spring of 1915 the first change was made, and it was a very dangerous one, which had led to endless difficulties since. The Army was instructed to begin to discriminate between men who came forward; they were asked to become a thinking machine, a thing they were never intended to be.

Duplication in attestation was a most common affair. Men who registered in London went off somewhere else and did it again. In one sub-area there were 53 or 54 men of the same name—William Smith, the commonest English name—and in Stepney South there were 53 Abraham Cohens. who could be identified only by their addresses. Many addresses were changed after attestation.

FORMS AT £15 A TIME.

When the Compulsion Act passed and he took over his office, there were one million errors in military recruiting records. There was no plan to put them right. In the early part of the attestation period men were given forms marked "Not accepted," which were worth nothing; they changed hands at £15 a time.

"We know now that classification cards in 1916 were forged on a great scale and that false classification cards were actually printed—a regular industry. On taking charge at the War Office I found a small half branch of a department dealing with the question. Clerks were scattered about in all parts of the building."

On August 21, last they had a plan on which to work, and no fewer than six million entries on the books had since been verified. "I say entries, not men."

The only way they could get at the root of things was to send everybody on the books a calling-up notice and get the men to tell the authorities all about themselves. There was no other way. One mass of the people they had never been able to touch—roughly, one million men who held rejection forms.

"The recruiting machine is in a process of attaining perfection," said General Geddes.

Only 45 R.A.M.C. officers were employed in the 100 odd medical boards throughout the country. The rest were civilians, some with temporary commissions. He thought the actual error in classification was rather under 0.5 (less than ½ of 1) per cent.

"DOPING."

It was found there was a good deal of "doping," even men with oil running out of their ears. The certificates of private practitioners were a source of difficulty. They would get a certificate, "I have examined John Smith," but there was not always the means of saying whether the person referred to was the one before the board.

General Geddes pointed out that in the Army there was work for men who required no very high physical qualifications. "I go so far as to say that there is no man who is able to make his living in civil life who cannot find some employment in the Army."

The total number of men who must be dealt with under the re-examination Act was about a million, and up to June 14 about 420,000 were examined.

He would personally honour a certificate given by a medical man who had attended a man for some time, but could place no credence on the word of a casual specialist called in at the last minute.—The "Daily News."

JILTED VICOMTE.

DRURY LANE LOVE-LETTERS & AN UNKNOWN HENRY.

Vicomte Marcel Emile Claude Vigier, described as a French nobleman and a financier, living at Devonshire-street, London, W., sued Miss Pansy Smith, an actress, for damages for breach of promise in Mr. Justice Low's court.

"I admit the promise and I admit the breach," said Mr. Storry Deans, counsel for Miss Pansy Smith.

The vicomte's object, Mr. Tim Healy, K.C., his counsel, explained, was not to recover damages but to vindicate himself in his painful position and to prove to his friends in France that the breach was the action of the lady. Last November he met Miss Smith, who promised to marry him. The banns were put up and the marriage was fixed for March 9. The vicomte was introduced to Miss Smith's friends as her "intended" and his father gave his paternal assent to the marriage. One evening they dined with another Frenchman, and on the following day Miss Smith, without any reason, wrote breaking off the engagement. The letter, dated February 27, read:—

Marcel,—Before it is too late I have found out that I love Henry the best. Ours was just a fancy, dear, that would never last. Forgive me, dear, if I caused you any pain. I don't want to really.

I am going to be good and straight to Henry as I was before. Bye-bye, Marcel. Think as kindly as you can of me. Believe me, it is for the best.

Pansy.

LOVE-LETTERS FROM THE THEATRE.

That they were attached to each other was shown by the letters, Mr. Healy said. On January 16 Miss Smith wrote:—

Marcel,—I feel very sad and I want to see you and I cannot. Oh, my dear, you little know what I think of you. I love you, oh. ever so much. Excuse writing. I am writing this on my knee in the dressing room (Drury Lane).—Ever yours.

Pansy.

On February 8 she wrote:—

It is the last time I am going to tell you of my love, dear, on paper, because I feel so sad writing of my love for you. As I sit in this awful dressing-room writing this on my knee, I think how nice it would be to be in your arms. I am never happier than when I am embraced by you.

From Folkestone on February 16 she wrote:—

My dear, Big Sweetheart,—It is just 12 o'clock and exactly three weeks from the day and hour when we shall belong to each other entirely.

The next day's letter was:—

My own Marcel,—I am writing this, but you will not get it until Monday, as there is no post in London on Sunday. Marcel, I want you to trust me and know that I would not do anything that you would not like me to do. Think of your little wife-to-be. All my love.

Pansy.

Ten days later came the letter breaking off the engagement, Miss Smith's solicitors, said Mr. Healy, also wrote to the vicomte telling him that all negotiations between him and Miss Smith must be abandoned and that she was prepared to assume responsibility for any expenses he might have been put to. Mr. Healy explained that he did not intend to call evidence as he did not wish to introduce names of persons occupying "considerable" positions.

75 DINNERS AT 20S.

Mr. Storry Deans, who also called no evidence, said he had never heard of a man bringing an action for breach of promise and declining to go into the witness-box to support his claim. The vicomte claimed for 75 dinners at 20s. each during this brief courtship.

Mr. Justice Low: He must have had two a day.

Mr. Deans: Yes, as well as more than one luncheon. He claims for 50 luncheons at 15s. each. There was also a claim for 21 visits to theatres at 21s. a time. Counsel did not know when Miss Smith attended the theatres, because she was herself playing at Drury Lane a portion of the time and another portion she spent at Folkestone. It was a trumped-up claim. The vicomte also claimed £10 for taxicab fares. Whoever heard that a woman by jilting a man cast an aspersion on his character? As to the mysterious Henry, counsel said that he did not know whether he was Henry I. or Henry VIII. Anyhow, the vicomte knew all about him; this dashing French nobleman cut Henry out.

Mr. Justice Low: For a time.

Mr. Deans said then Henry returned to the attack and Miss Smith returned to her old allegiance.

Mr. Justice Low said this was one of the most peculiar cases that had ever come before the courts. Neither party had been called and they knew nothing about them. It was a scandal that a judge and twelve jurymen should be brought there to try such a case. The suggestion that the plaintiff had sustained any damage was too absurd for words.

The jury found that the vicomte had sustained no damage, but in accordance with a suggestion from his lordship they awarded him a farthing damages.

Mr. Storry Deans said Miss Smith had paid £10 into court, and therefore she was entitled to judgment, with costs.

Mr. Justice Low entered judgment accordingly, and ordered the money in court to be paid out to Miss Smith.—The "Daily Mail."

A COLONEL DIVORCED.

A divorce decree was granted at Edinburgh in mail week to Mrs. Forbes against her husband. Lieut.-Colonel Foster Forbes, Highland Light Infantry.

It was stated that since the war began Colonel Forbes had twice been home on leave, and once invalided. He did not reside with his wife, and said he preferred to go to his club, where he would be perfectly free. He said he did not like married life. Afterwards he sent his wife a letter enclosing an hotel bill, which showed that he had stayed with another woman.

The action was not defended.

THE NEWSPAPER AND THE WAR.

A POSITIVE MILITARY VALUE.

At the Aldwych Club, in mail week, an after-luncheon address was given by Mr. W. A. M. Goode, hon. secretary of the National Committee for the Relief of Belgium, on the subject of "Printer's Ink in War time." Mr. Robert Donald, editor of the "Daily Chronicle," presided.

Mr. Goode, in the course of his remarks, said that one of the first steps taken on the declaration of war was to institute a censorship that not only muzzled the Press, but nearly paralysed the public. Newspapers were treated with suspicion and suppression. The possible uses of printer's ink in a world-war were almost entirely overlooked in the demand for purely negative measures, imperatively voiced, with a view to ensure secrecy by our then comparatively inexperienced naval and military authorities. In 1914 they no more foresaw the positive military value of printer's ink than they appreciated the part that was to be played by the submarine and by the indiscriminate sowing of mines. What had happened since then? On all our far-flung fronts the British Arm was now accompanied by accredited war correspondents. Great and little writers, who spilled ink to good purpose, were constantly the guests of our Navy. There was scarcely a department of the Government concerned in the active operations of the war that had not a publicity bureau. Ministers, generals, and even admirals, to-day received newspaper correspondents. No national movement was attempted without allowance for advertising and provision for propaganda. Censorship, after three years of futile autocracy, promised to become the handmaiden of propaganda. The linotype and the printing-press were beginning to be recognised as potential forces in the war. Without any cause or desire to "paint the lily," he might safely add that there had grown up amongst our newspapers a sense of responsible understanding which now might permit of the removal of the arbitrary Press censorship, or at any rate of its more repressive features. The nation had nothing to fear from its newspapers. He suggested that, in addition to the substitution of voluntary for arbitrary censorship, there should be more frequent and more frank conferences between the actual editors of our responsible newspapers and the heads of our war Ministries and war services.

The speaker mentioned that in the British Empire alone his committee collected, largely as the result of miles of newspaper publicity, £2,500,000 in two years for the people in Belgium, yet they never spent one penny in advertisements in a daily newspaper. He could not conceive of any finer proof, if one were needed, of the disinterested patriotism of those who made their living by the use of printer's ink.—"The Daily Telegraph."

LORD HARDINGE'S LETTER.

DOCUMENT SEIZED BY U-BOAT.

Mr. Balfour, the Foreign Secretary, in reply to Mr. King in the House of Commons, in mail week, said he was aware of a letter published in the Press on March 6 purporting to have been written on July 21 last by Lord Hardinge, Permanent Secretary to the Foreign Office, to Sir George Buchanan, British Ambassador in Petrograd. Lord Hardinge, he said, admits the authorship of this letter, but he had not been asked for an explanation of its references to Mr. McKenna and to the Prime Minister of Rumania. He did not propose to take any action.

The passage in question in the letter referred to, which was read in Parliament on March 5, was as follows:—

It is astonishing what an evil role is always being played by these Russian revolutionaries. I am glad that you sent your telegram to the Czar, and hope that it may prove effective. Benckendorff seems at present to be very depressed on account of the difficulties which he experiences in his financial arrangements with McKenna. There is a real bother about the money which he wants to get from us in order to maintain the rouble exchange. McKenna, like all financial people, is narrow-minded and pedantic, and asserts that the rouble exchange is a matter which does not concern the war. His opinion is a false one.

Mr. King now asked whether it was really intended that Lord Hardinge should remain in office without an apology to Mr. McKenna and the Rumanian Premier.

Mr. Balfour said the letter was a private one obtained by the illegal action of a German submarine. The German Government published it to make mischief, and he appealed to Mr. King not to abet the German Government. (Laughter.)

FIGHTING MAN OF SEVENTY.

CHELSEA PENSIONER'S SEVEN MONTHS IN FRANCE.

Ex-Private Ryan, a Chelsea pensioner, is seventy-one, and the oldest soldier to serve during the present war. He is now in a military hospital after having undergone a slight operation as the result of his duties in France, says the "Daily Mail."

Although he was born in 1846, he does not look more than fifty years of age, and showed great eagerness to relate his experiences.

"I was born in Tipperary on April 2, 1846," he said, "and served in the Kaffir and Zulu war. This seemed only right, as my father, grandfather, and uncles were all soldiers of the King. I served fifteen years altogether, and when I left the Army went to America.

"It was towards the end of 1915 that I decided to serve my country again, and joined up in the Labour Battalion. I told a lie to join up and said I was forty-six.

"We went over to France and had Christmas dinner behind the lines. I roughed it with the boys on the railways for seven months, and then I got shell-shock, so of course they sent me back.

"I am quite willing to do as much again, but this time, unfortunately, they know my age, and I must be content to wait till the boys come home to me."

HOME RULERS AND THE OLDER CONGRESSMEN.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Attempts have been made by some of the organs of the Home Rule movement to belittle the great work which has been done by the older congressmen during the last 30 years because they do not see eye to eye with the members of the League on certain vital political questions of the day. As a member of the League, I am deeply pained to see in the last issue of "Young India" the irreverent tone in which they have been sneered at for not recommending the name of Mrs. Besant for the Presidentship of the ensuing Congress. Their work has been belittled. Their methods have been condemned. Their motives have been questioned. It is my opinion—and it is shared by a large number of my friends that the writer of that paragraph represents his views only and not the views of "Young India." Respect and reverence for the elders is a special feature of our National Character and I hope "Young India" will not throw away this priceless treasure in the name of liberty of political thought and action. We are all grateful to Mrs. Besant for infusing new vigour into our political life and for the devotion with which she has been fighting the battle of India's Freedom, but that need not make us forget that we are also grateful to our older congressmen who have been also fighting according to their lights the battle of freedom for our Motherland and have thus made the path of Mrs. Besant not a little easy—much less to abuse them for their honest difference of opinion. I strongly hold that the vituperation of those of our brothers who are also like ourselves fighting the battle of India's freedom for their conscientious difference of opinion on certain political questions is a great disservice to our Motherland.

However I cannot help expressing my feelings of strong resentment at the unreasonable and unconstitutional way in which the Council of the Provincial Congress Committee has arrogated to itself—I shall not use the word usurped—the right of nominating the Congress President. The right of nominating the President vests in the Committee as a whole and not in its Council. I know that there is a volume of responsible opinion against the nomination of Mrs. Besant as President of the next year's Congress, but that does not justify the Council in arrogating to itself the power which rightly belongs to the Committee. Let the matter be fairly and calmly discussed in the Committee otherwise the unfortunate impression that young men are disrespectful to the older congressmen and the older congressmen care not for the feelings, rights and views of earnest young men will gain ground and cause a wider gulf between the older and the younger generation in this city.—Yours, etc.,

M. A. MASTER,

Santa Cruz, August 3rd, 1917.

BUTCHER-BOY'S VALOUR.

200 HUNS KILLED BY RIFLE MACHINE-GUN.

Mr. Henry Wood, the United Press Association's correspondent with the French Armies, relates the exploits of Private Vuillaume, 22 years old and in civil life a butcher, who, armed with the new rifle machine-gun, practically single-handed, made possible the success of an operation in which 265 German prisoners, seven machine-guns, six trench cannon, and other material were captured. Of 200 Germans who were slain, nearly all were killed by Vuillaume with his rifle machine-gun.

In the fighting on the Aisne in April the French resolved to capture a small wood which had been strongly organised by the Germans, and the attack was made on three faces. When the combined assault started the Germans opened with machine-guns, quickly checking the advancing columns. Vuillaume, whose particular section was held by a solitary machine-gun, determined to silence it. He started out accompanied by his munition carrier only.

FIGHTING ALONE.

The Germans concentrated their machine-gun fire on the two men. Vuillaume dropped to the ground and unstrapped the magazine from his dead companion and prepared to fight it out alone. Creeping a little closer to the German machine-gun section, the bullets from which constantly whizzed about his face, Vuillaume leaped suddenly to his feet and with his own more mobile rifle mowed down every member of the German machine-gun section before they could again train on him.

Other Germans by the hundred suddenly arose and prepared to attack Vuillaume. The latter leaped into a shell hole just as Corporal Monnet, a grenadier, reached his side. Vuillaume kept the attacking Germans at bay, but another group of Germans had reached a shell hole some four yards away, and from there they began a grenade attack on Vuillaume. Corporal Monnet picked up the bombs as they were thrown and hurled them back before they exploded, while Vuillaume kept up a steady fire along the German front.

At last the Germans, who could no longer hold out against Vuillaume's fire, surrendered, just as Corporal Monnet hurled back a last grenade and was killed by a bullet. Vuillaume's section had in the meantime succeeded in creeping forward and in another instant they were into the German position with the great bulk of the Germans either dead or captured.

On receiving the Legion of Honour Vuillaume said, "My mother will be happy to see me with this cross."

NEW MEMBERS OF THE HOME RULE LEAGUE.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

The following new members have joined the Home Rule for India League, Bombay Branch.

Messrs. Pestonji Dorabji Khandalawala; Harivalabh Chaganlal Modi; Kapoorchand Manekchand; Ramdas Vithaldas; Dwarkadas Bhimji; Panachand Odhavji Mehta; Mayashankar M. Bhatia; G. M. Mehta; Haridas Bhagwandas; Jeshanglal Leharchand Javeri; Bhabhutbhai Vahilubhai Mehta; Ratanchand Hirachand Javeri; Kesharichand Khimchand Javeri; Chhotalal Kasturchand Javeri; Mohunlal Mathuradas Javeri; Ravishankar Ambashankar Javeri; Hansukhlal Popatlal Shah; Kastur Umed Shah; Jadha Hamdr; Pestonji M. Jal; Vallabhadas Morarji; Nanabhai Ganpatrao Kanvinde; Mr. Virji Kababhai; Krishnarao Sutoba Kothare. In addition 100 more members.

The following have joined the Indian Home Rule League, Bombay Branch:—

Messrs. N. N. Deshpande; G. N. Joshi; S. B. Savant; S. P. Nalavade; S. S. Manjrekar; G. B. Hegiste; Mrs. Hirabai J. Manjrekar; Messrs. P. G. Manjrekar, D. P. Nalavade; M. N. Surmalkar; R. J. Jadhao; A. S. Bhonsle; G. G. Yadao; K. G. Gade; Maganlal U. Mehta; S. K. Ranjit; T. M. Gandhi; T. L. Ganga; B. N. Dharadhar; Y. K. Vijaykar; R. D. Degwekar; R. L. Khanvilkar and 40 others.

Messrs. G. S. Arundale, B. P. Wadia, V. R. Samant and T. P. Sinha, all of the "New India" staff and at present residing at Ooty, have joined the Indian Home Rule League.

Members of the Bombay Branch of the Indian Home Rule League are requested to pay their second years' subscription at the office at 735, Girgaum Road near Portuguese Church. Membership tickets and last years' Report are ready for free distribution and should be taken from the office. The second year's subscription of the mofussil members will be collected by V. P. from the 15th instant. The first year closed on 28th April 1917. Change of address should be notified to the Secretaries.

A NATIONAL GROUP.

India's Grand Old Man "unfurling the Swaraj Flag in 1906" is the motif of a national group which has been designed by Master M. V. Dubhashe, a Bombay Art student. The design is based on the views expounded and expressed by the G. O. M. and on the resolution relating to Swaraj passed at the Calcutta Congress under the presidency of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji. The design was some time before his death submitted to the G. O. M. who wrote to say that it was *excellent*. On two sides the prominent leaders of Indian national thought are shown, as representing all the provinces and communities in India. The Church, Sunrise, Mosque, Sikh Temple, Hindu Temple and Jain Temple depicted at the top are a further emblem of United India. The portraits include those of the late Mr. Gokhale, the late Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, Mrs. Besant, Mr. Tilak, Mr. Gandhi, Mr. Lajput Rai, Sir Rabindranath Tagore, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Sir Subramaniya Iyer, the Hon. Mr. Jinnah and the Raja of Mahmudabad. Copies of the group may be had in—

Black and White 17 by 23 with frame worth Rs. 10, Rs. 45 each.
Platino Bromide 10 by 12 Rs. 4 each.
Two-colour Block printed on Art Paper and mounted 10 by 12 Re. 1 each.
Black or Sepia Prints Ans. 2 each.
Black or Sepia Cards Ans. 1 each.

Orders for above can be registered with the Assistant Secretary, Home Rule Office, Fort, Bombay, from whom copies can be had. Part of sale proceeds of pictures will go to the Home Rule Fund.

HERO'S MODESTY.

HOW A NAVAL OFFICER TOLD HIS STORY.

Lieutenant Harry Vernon Seddall, Royal Naval Reserve, gave evidence at a Chatham inquest on John Morrison (24), who had been a Scottish crofter, became a deck-hand, and was drowned in the Medway on his first trip.

Morrison, said Lieutenant Seddall, fell off a buoy when his vessel was being moored and he could not swim. A fresh wind was blowing and the water was choppy. Two officers plunged after him, but only one reached him. This officer got hold of him, but was pulled down as he was struggling violently. Both rose to the surface and the officer got hold of Morrison again but was pulled down once more. The officer then lost him and was unconscious when taken out.

The Coroner: What was the officer's name? The witness (modestly): Seddall, sir.

The Coroner (smiling): Indeed, I congratulate you.

The Jurors: Hear, hear.

"A Real Miracle Indeed."

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It stops the pain by recovering the cause, is prompt to cure, mild in action, and absolutely harmless in effect.

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Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar.

"A RICH MAN AND A BACHELOR."

MISS MARY O'FARRELL'S SUCCESSFUL ACTION.

A theatrical case came before Mr. Justice Bailhache and a special jury in the King's Bench Division on June 26, when Miss Mary O'Farrell, who has been playing a leading part in "Peg o' My Heart," successfully sued Messrs. Frank Curzon and Gerald du Maurier for alleged breach of contract, says the "Pall Mall Gazette."

Mr. Rigby Swift, K.C., for the plaintiff, said that she claimed £114—nine and a half weeks' salary at £12 a week. Her case was that Messrs. Curzon and du Maurier engaged her to play a leading part in a play to be called "The Old Country," to be produced at Wyndham's Theatre.

In 1915 she had been four or five years on the stage, and had succeeded in acquiring a considerable reputation in the provinces while touring under Mr. Alfred Butt's management in the piece called "Peg o' My Heart."

Mr. Frank Curzon and Mr. Gerald du Maurier, at that time running Wyndham's Theatre, had heard of Miss O'Farrell, and apparently decided that she would suit them as leading lady in a new piece to be produced at their theatre.

TWO CONTRACTS.

Some time in December, 1915, Mr. Vaughan, on the part of the defendants, wrote to her asking her to see him on the subject of a contract. She called on him on December 29, and he then informed her that a new play, being written by Mr. Calthorpe, and to be entitled "A Rich Man and a Bachelor," was to be produced at Wyndham's Theatre, and offered her the leading part at a salary of £12 a week.

It was afterwards suggested that while "The Ware Case" was running she should act as understudy at the same salary. On January 7, 1916, two contracts between the plaintiff and the defendants were signed, one of the conditions being that she should understudy Miss Marie Lohr.

On February 1 plaintiff took up the duties of understudy, but all the time she was so engaged she never appeared in the play.

"A PERFECT TRAGEDY."

"The Ware Case" ran till March 4. It was then decided that instead of "A Rich Man and a Bachelor" "A Kiss for Cinderella" should be put on at Wyndham's Theatre. The piece had been written by Sir James Barrie, and the lead was to be played by Miss Hilda Trevelyan.

Mr. du Maurier told Miss O'Farrell he was sorry that her engagement had been postponed, and she remarked, "It is a perfect tragedy for me." It was essential that she should appear in London without delay, and the postponement was a perfect tragedy for her.

Mr. du Maurier said:—

Oh, it will be all right. Even if "A Rich man and a Bachelor" does not come on next, you shall play at Wyndham's Theatre with me.

With that assurance she was content. She proceeded to understudy Miss Trevelyan at the same salary.

SOME BAD NEWS.

"A Kiss for Cinderella" came to an end on July 29, and then it was announced that Mr. du Maurier was going to take a holiday.

Miss O'Farrell had some conversation with Mr. Vaughan, who said, "I have some bad news for you." She replied, "Oh, yes. 'A Rich Man and a Bachelor' is going to be postponed again I hear."

As a fact the defendants had decided to bring out the piece under another name in September, and had entered into a contract for the leading part with another lady, Miss Rosalie Toller. The piece was produced with the title "The Old Country."

THE LOVE SCENE.

The plaintiff gave evidence, and remarked that one of the incidents of the new piece was a love scene with Mr. du Maurier.

Counsel: I suppose we may take it that it is the height of the ambition of every young lady to have a love scene with Mr. du Maurier? (Laughter.)

Mr. Hawke (for the defence) said the plaintiff had given up her contract because she had taken another part for the original one. She had perfectly understood that in the place of her original contract for "The Old Country" she had entered into another agreement, for which she would receive the same salary. She had expressed herself as perfectly willing to accept the part in "The Sister-in-Law," and she had thus made it impossible to have played in both pieces at the same time.

The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff. Mr. Justice Bailhache entered judgment for Miss O'Farrell for the amount claimed, with costs.

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'THE TIME HAS COME.'

SIR W. ROBERTSON ON "ORDERS" FOR THE NATION.

Independence Day was widely celebrated in England on Wednesday, July 4, and notably at the banquet at the Savoy Hotel attended by Dr. Page, Mr. Balfour, Sir William Robertson, Admiral Sims, and nearly a thousand guests.

Sir William Robertson eulogised President Wilson's insight, patience, and sympathy. "The result," he said, "is that America has never stood higher in the estimation of the world than she stands today. (Cheers.).

"I doubt whether all has been done that could be done in this nation. I imagine some such thought as that must have been in th ePrime Minister's mind when he pleased for a united nation. The nation must be given its orders as to what it has to do and sufficient information to do it intelligently and cheerfully. Those orders must be obeyed, not only when they are congenial and convenient, but when they are the reverse."

The nation needed discipline and mutual confidence. Mutual confidence was secured in the Army by moving among the men, praising them when they deserved it, and looking after their interests.

"Is it not possible to employ similar methods in the rank of the army of the industrial workers at home? There comes a time in every war when a nation has to put forward its greatest efforts, when the strain becomes heavier every day. Then a little further effort will suffice to turn the scale. That time has come now.

"The entry of the United States into the war brings us fresh hope and fresh resources of power, and Germany says the United States will not count. It is her opportunity and privilege to show that not only will she count but also count for a great deal, and count at once."

Dr. Page said: "Hitherto we have concerned ourselves chiefly in the development and extension of liberty at home. We have now entered upon a holy crusade to help in its extension throughout the whole world, since the very foundations of liberty have been assailed." (Cheers.)

MR. BALFOUR ON UNITY.

Mr. Balfour said we had learned the lesson from the War of Independence, and in our own way were carrying out an even more difficult task than fell to the illustrious framers of the American Constitution. We were endeavouring to carry out by slow degrees an Imperial Constitution which should bind the absolute equality of the different units with the machinery for the perpetual attainment of common Imperial aims. The memories of the separation between Great Britain and the American Colonies carried no trace of bitterness on our side, though it properly carried memories of triumph on the other.

We found ourselves united in a great struggle against a Power which, if it were allowed to prevail, was going to destroy the very roots of the Western civilisation from which we drew our strength. If we were bound together in that were we not bound together for ever? Would not our descendants, when they came to look back upon this unique episode in the history of the world, say that among the incalculable consequences which it produced the most beneficent, the most permanent, was perhaps that which brought and united for ever in one common purpose, in one common understanding, the two great branches of the English-speaking race?

Sir Samuel Evans, responding to the toast of "The Guests—absent and present," remarked that he had listened to most of Mr. Balfour's speech——

"Oh, good Heaven!" ejaculated Mr. Balfour amid loud laughter.

"And," added Sir Samuel, "it is the only occasion in my life when I have found myself in whole-hearted agreement with him. (Applause.)

"But Mr. Balfour did not go to America to convert them," said Sir Samuel. "They were already converted."

Mr. Balfour: "Hear, hear!" (Cheers.)

DETAILS OF RECENT MAIL LOSS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 4.

Details of mails from India recently announced as lost by enemy action comprised the following articles:—All letters and parcels which reached Bombay between the 27th June and the afternoon of the 6th July. All letters posted in Bombay from 10 a.m. on 27th June to 4 p.m. on 6th July and all parcels posted there from 27th June to 1 p.m. on the 6th July.

WORKER'S PARADISE.

PETROGRAD POOR REVELLING IN EXTRAVAGANCE.

A curious picture of life in Petrograd is given in a message sent off by the special correspondent of "Le Journal" in the Russian capital. "The city," he says, "presents the aspect of most extraordinary prosperity, and gives one the impression of being a paradise for the poorer classes. Wealthy and aristocratic Russians have always spent their money open-handedly. Russian noblemen are proverbially extravagant, but nothing like the sudden appetite for luxury developed by the working classes, formerly so modest and resigned to their lot, has ever been seen.

"During the past month the heads of industrial concerns were forced to raise the scale of wages, add such large bounties, and grant such considerable indemnities that the working men, grown rich unexpectedly, now go in for the most extravagant absurdities. When salaries at a bound rise to four or five times more than they were before, when a man who, all his life has been a mere spectator of luxury, earning a pound a week, finds himself in the possession of four or five pounds on a Saturday night, his first impulse is to satisfy his long-suppressed desire for abundance and enjoyment. The result is that the Russian workman has plunged into ease, comfort, and pleasure with a frenzy that has deeply disturbed the economic life of the nation.

£20 FOR A SUIT.

"In tailors' and boot shops the demand is far in excess of the supply, and as imports are trifling, prices, already considerably augmented, are continually rising. Everything costs four or five times as much as in Paris. A pair of cheap shoes cannot be had for less than five pounds. A suit of clothes costs twenty pounds, an ordinary straw hat twenty-eight shillings. But these exorbitant prices do not frighten the common people. Women of this class, who dressed most plainly before the revolution, now manifest exaggerated coquetry without the restraint imposed by good taste. All the shops are crowded, and boots and shoes are in such demand that would-be purchasers are given tickets entitling them to return on a specified date. The ticket-holders, however, afraid of being too late, arrive the evening before and wait on the pavement all night, sleeping on beds and chairs they have brought with them. Even in front of kinemas and tobacco shops, where rare brands of cigarettes are sold, customers wait their turn for hours.

STRAWBERRIES 9s. 6d. A lb.

"Workmen to-day patronise restaurants where they would never have dared show their faces before the war, and twelve shillings for lunch seems to them quite a normal price. Yesterday at a railway station I saw a workman pay his bill. He seemed in no way surprised at being obliged to disburse for a single meal what would formerly have represented a week's wages. He gave the waiter a half-crown tip and put in his pocket a piece of black bread left over from his luncheon. What would French housewives say if they saw workmen's wives pay one shilling and eightpence for a lemon, nine shillings and sixpence for a pound of strawberries, six shillings and sixpence for a box of sardines.

"Pastry cook shops are invaded by the hundred. Everyone is determined to get what he wants, considering that his new won liberty entitles him to it. The man in the street has no idea of the enormous increase in pay he is asking for, and his excessive demands alarm the economists. Will he eventually become more reasonable? We shall soon know. Meanwhile his rage for spending money is one of the least foreseen consequences of the revolution."

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NO—Inconvenience

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The finest Brain, Blood, & Nerve Tonic. For general debility, it is unexcelled.

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for the raising.

Add one part to eight parts of ordinary flour. Mix well, dry. Recipes in every tin.

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½ lb. tins, Ans. 12 each.

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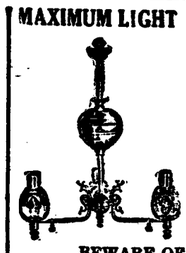

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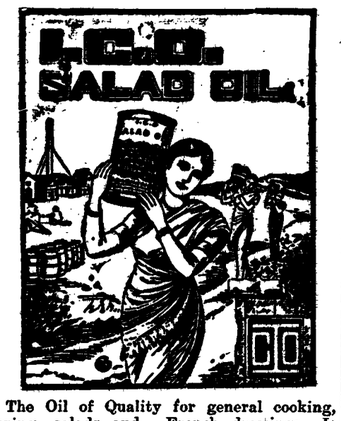

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THE WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 4.

The monsoon continues active in Northern India and week in the peninsula. Rainfall has been nearly general in Burma, Assam, United Provinces, Central India east and in Central Provinces, west coast of Peninsula; local in Bengal, Punjab and Rajputana. A few falls also occurred in Bihar and Orissa, and Hyderabad. The chief amounts are:—Lashio and Maymyo one inch, Mandalay two, Akyab, Dibrugarh and Tezpur three, Sibsagar one and a half, Cox's Bazaar eight Chittagong three, Mymensingh, Jalpaiguri, Gorakhpur two, Jhansi four, Meerut and Roorkee one and a half, Chakrata three, Simla, Sutna one Nowgong four, Saugor two, Jubbulpore one, Masulipatam one and a half.

Forecast:—Increase of rain in Rajputana, south-east Punjab, Central India west, with decrease in the United Provinces.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 3rd Aug 1917.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 6 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr.	29.690 Inch
Temperature of Air	82.9 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78.7 "
Dew Point	77.3 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.832 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)	9.8 "
Maximum temperature of Air	85 2 "
Minimum do	80.9 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	WSW.
Average of Wind do. do.	176 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.01 Inches.
Total fall during month	9 16 "
Do. do. year	30 98 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 3rd Aug.	0 00 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Sill		LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Sill	
	Aug.	h.	m.	ft.	in.	Aug.	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Sat.	4	m 0	15a	30	1	4	m 5	32	14	6
							6	20a	16	2
Sun.	5	m 0	28	28	7	5	m 6	18a	14	8
		0	55a	30	3		7	1a	15	6
Mon.	6	m 1	10	28	10	6	m 7	2	15	4
		1	34a	29	10		7	43a	15	2
Tues	7	m 1	58	28	7	7	m 7	48	16	5
		2	14a	29	1		8	27a	15	5
Wed	8	m 2	49	27	11	8	m 8	37	17	3
		2	55a	28	9		9	14a	16	11
Thur	9	m 3	45	27	0	9	m 9	32	19	2
		3	38a	26	9		10	6a	16	8
Fri.	10	m 4	50	26	1	10	m 10	40	20	7
		4	27a	25	5		11	6a	17	5

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Aug.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
4 (Saturday)	6h. 16m.	7h. 12m.
5 (Sunday)	6h 17m.	7h. 12m.
6 (Monday)	6h. 17m.	7h. 11m.
7 (Tuesday)	6h. 17m.	7h. 11m.
8 (Wednesday)	6h. 18m.	7h. 11m.
9 (Thursday)	6h. 19m.	7h. 11m.
10 (Friday)	6h. 19m.	7h 10m.

Phases of the Moon:—New Moon 1917 July 19d. 8h. 30.1m. a.m.; First quarter: 27d. 0h 10.4m. p.m.; Full Moon August: 3d. 10h. 40.9m. a.m.; Last quarter: 10d. 1h. 26.4m. a.m.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 90 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 4rd August, 19·7 was 29.893 inch a. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 4th August 1917, data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab. Rainfall has been nearly general in the east Punjab; Ambala has had 0.23in. and Delhi 0.63in. Skies are moderately clouded in the south-eastern districts and heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is generally in defect.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Agra has had 0.37in., Mainpuri 0.51in., Jhansi 3.50in., Cawnpore 0.23in. and Allahabad 0.56in. Skies are heavily clouded. Day temperature is in defect at most stations.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in east Rtjputasa and local in west Rajputana; Bikaner has had 0.80in., Jaipur 0.30in. Kotah 0.20in. and Moust Abu 0.18in. Skies are moderately clouded in Sind and heavily clouded in Rajputana. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect except in lower Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Jubbulpore has had 1.03in., Saugor 2.10in., Hoshangabad 0.34in., Khandwa 0.11in., Akola 0.21in., Nagpur 0.27in. and Chanda 0.17in. Skies are heavily clouded. Day temperature is in defect in the north-eastern districts.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Ratnagiri has had 0.23in., Mormugao 0.10in. and Karwar 0.54in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been local in Hyderabad, Nizamabad has had 0.52in. and Hyderabad 0.11in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

General Remarks.—The monsoon is active in the United and the Central Provinces and north-west India with the exception of Sind, but continues rather weak in the Peninsula. Rainfall has been nearly general in the United and the Central Provinces, east Rajputana, the east Punjab and the Konkan and local in west Rajputana, Hyderabad, Malabar and on the north Madras coast.

Nearly general rain is likely in the United and the Cestral Provinces and local rain on the west coast of the Peninsula and in Rajputana and Hyderabad and some showers in the Punjab, the Bombay Deccan and on the Coromandel coast.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a.m. ON SATURDAY, the 4th of August, 1917.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Departure 1st June to date.
PUNJAB GUJ—						
Peshawar	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. 3rd Aug.)	95.1	80.7	61	0	0	—0 06
Jhelum	94.4	82.1	77	0	0	—0 66
Do. 3rd Aug.)	9.36	81.7	70	0	0	—0.17
Murree	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. 3 d Aug.)	90.5	72.1	83	1	0	×7.49
PUNJAB—						
Multan	87.5	79.4	81	0.04	5.87	+12.87
Rawalpindi	92.6	76 1	93	..	23.99	—1.89
Lahore	94.2	81 9	85	..	9.14	—
Sibsagar	89.0	76.1	91	0.09	5. S	+2.97
Amritsar	94.7	78.4	85	0.28	10.58	×3 23
Delhi	88 9	8.8	87	0.63	16.70	+6 58
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Agra	89.4	80.0	87	0.37	19.00	+0 98
Mainpuri	89.8	82	89	0.51	22.37	+2 21
Jhansi	85.6	78.0	95	3.50	20.6	+12.27
Cawnpore	90.8	77 6	95	0 23	27.91	+3.69
Allahabad	86.7	77.5	80	..	26 21	—0.89
RAJPUTANA AND RAJPUTANA—						
Jacobabad	99.1	85.4	66	..	0.52	—4 28
Karachi	87.2	80 6	87	..	0.06	+7.41
Ajmer	84.2	75 0	87	..	17.94	+7.79
Jodpore	80 9	76.1	88	0.30	19.62	+11.59
Kotah	91.2	76.	92	0.20	24.8.	+7.81
Mount Abu	70 5	64 0	97	0.18	39.48	
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Rajkot	82.0	77.7	85	0.02	7.58	—1 29
Dwarka	..	..	..	..	..	—
Vetaval	81.8	78.6	89	0.01	18.48	+0 68
Rajkot	87.0	74.8	83	..	11.57	—5 30
Navsvagas Para	90.8	79.4	78	..	14.44	+0.52
Surat	87.3	77.5	89	0.15	24.45	—2.04
Ahmedabad	90.1	76.9	85	..	16.62	—1.60
Deesa	85.0	76.7	84	0.05	12.64	+0.10
Broach	82.1	74.4	90	..	22.56	+15.58
Indore	83.9	73.4	88	0.01	15.14	—1 58
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	76.5	73.3	93	1.03	24 12	—4.91
Saugor	74.8	70.8	95	2 10	23.50	—0 32
Hoshangabad	90.1	74.2	8.0	0.34	29.25	+4.19
Khandwa	83 9	74 9	92	0.11	14.93	+7.08
Akola	87.2	73.1	77	0.21	12.14	—4 12
Amraoti	86.0	74.5	83	0.04	11.24	—5.90
Nagpur	86.6	74.8	84	0.27	16.76	—8 03
Chanda	89 6	76.0	91	0.17	29.8.	+2 60
Bahrar	87.7	74.7	83	..	29.0	+4.45
KONKAN—						
Bombay	85.2	80.4	86	..	28 4.	—17.39
Ratnagiri	83.5	8.1	92	0.23	3.8	—12 83
Marmugao	86.4	77.8	92	0.10	63.2.	—11.07
Karwar	84.9	76.2	89	0 54	70.8.	—4.12
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	89 2	75 2	81	..	1.4.	—3 27
Ahmednagar	87.6	69.2	83	..	4.0.	—4.15
Poona	83	72.2	86	..	6.0.	—6.58
Sholapur	84.8	69.1	92	..	5 0.	—1.54
Bijapur	89.	70.4	92	..	6.2	+0.81
Belgaum	75.6	66.8	89	0.02	15.2.	—3.00
Karwangala	85.1	71.2	81	..	10.2.	—1.83
Nizamabad (Indep).	88.8	72.6	90	0.52	22.0.	+6.57
Hyderabad	87.2	73.2	75	0.11	9.5.	—1.58
MALABAR AND CARCAR—						
Mangalore	86.0	74.6	93	0.78	69.1.	+10 57
Calicut	85.8	77.4	93	..	62.1.	—16.00
Cochin	85 8	76.2	85	0.90	45 0.	—8.66
Colombo	86.2	76.6	90	0.01	7.1.	—3.90
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
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